THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Vol. LX No. 21 — POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1 per year in advance, $1.50 if not so paid

NAPANEE, ONTARIO, CANADA—TUESDAY, A[illegible] 19th, 1921.

DOXSEE & CO.

LOVELY HATS

Dame Fashion is not playing the autocrat in the Spring Hat Styles, and that has led a fashion authority to say, "Any style is fashionable that is becoming."

Our show room gives expression to this idea to the very fullest in the exhibit of beautiful models and "personal" creations from our own workrooms.

Fancy Straws are the order of the day — Cellophane, Satin Straws galore, combined with Crepe de Chene, Satin or Ribbon; colors Languerine and Onionskin, Jade, Henna, Grey, Browns, Mrs. Harding Blue.

VOILE AND ORGANDY NECK-WEAR

This Neckwear is mostly in Sheer Organdy or fine Voile Vestees, trimmed with Trixy Tucks, with flat-lying Collar attached in all the smart styles and colors.

Scarfs, Hosiery and Corsets Special Values.

The Leading Millinery House

Enamel Ware Special

The Following Lines at Less Than Half Price

—Rice Boilers
—Potato Pots (all sizes.)
—Water Pails
—Dippers
—Sauce Pans
—Stew Kettles
—Tea Kettles.

DAVY & ALLISON,
Next to Caton's.

The Ontario Railway and Municipal Board.

(P. F. 6505).

IN THE MATTER of the application of The Pleasant Valley Telephone Company, Limited, for authority to increase its charges for telephone service from $12.00 to $15.00 per annum.

APPOINTMENT FOR HEARING.

The Ontario Railway and Municipal Board having directed Francis Dagger, Esquire, Telephone Expert, to enquire and report upon the above matter, doth appoint Tuesday, the Nineteenth day of April, A.D., 1921, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the town hall, in the town of Napanee, for the holding of such enquiry, at which time and place all persons having an interest in this matter and desiring to be heard are directed to attend.

(SEAL) H. C. SMALL, Secretary.

Dated at Toronto, this fourth day of April, A.D., 1921. 20-b

Paint, Oils, Putty, Glass, Stains Varnishes. DAVY & ALLISON.

NOTICE

Bath Business Changes Hands

Hoselton Bros., successors to the late Overton Ball, will open on or about the 18th, with a stock of groceries, and a first class bakery in connection.

We will appreciate your trade.

Hoselton Bros.,
Bath, Ont.

COAL

I have a supply of choice, fresh mined

Hard Coal

CHAS. STEVENS
10-tf

Having Gone Out of Business

I am selling at much less to retailers, all goods connected with my old business.

THOS. SYMINGTON
20-tf

BICYCLES

Having disposed of my automobile business I have moved my **BICYCLE BUSINESS** to the frame building

on East street, formerly the old skating rink,

and will carry on the bicycle business there until better quarters are ready for occupation.

W. J. Normile
20-tf

Wholesale and Retail

—Dealer in—

HAY, STRAW,
All kinds of Grain.
FLOUR, FEED.
All kinds of Field Seeds at Greatly Reduced Prices.

SEED CORN
Guaranteed Very Cheap.

Car of wire fencing and gates at specially reduced prices. See me first before selling or buying elsewhere.

FRED. A. PERRY,
Dundas Street,
NAPANEE, - ONTARIO.
Opposite Campbell House.

Be Warned

KEEPING your insurance papers, deeds, bonds and other valuables at home until they are stolen or destroyed by fire, instead of renting a Safety Deposit Box, is on a par with "locking the stable door after the horse is stolen."

Don't procrastinate! Rent a box to-day at this Bank.

THE
STANDARD BANK
OF CANADA

TOTAL ASSETS OVER NINETY MILLIONS

Napanee Branch: R. R. White, Manager.
Branches also at Belleville, Brighton, Camden East, Deseronto, Marysville, Newburgh, Picton, Selby, Trenton, Kingston and Melrose.

PROTECT YOUR VALUABLES

If kept in your home, fire or thieves may rob you of them.

Our Managers will be pleased to tell you about the protection afforded by a SAFETY DEPOSIT BOX.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA
TOTAL RESOURCES - $550,000,000

Ontario for Prohibition By 150,000 or More

Total Vote Perhaps 700,000—Is Claimed by Some Popular Leaders That Majority May Reach Well Over 200,000—Correct Results Will be Delayed.

By a majority of over 150,000 the Province has balloted for the abolition of the traffic in intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes.

The aggregate vote on the one hand and the majority on the other leave no doubt as to the wish of the people.

This is the popular will.

MAJORITY OF CITIES FOR PROHIBITION

WET—Toronto, Hamilton, Windsor, Ottawa, St. Catherines, Fort William, Port Arthur, Kitchener, Welland, Sault Ste. Marie, Kingston—Total 11.

DRY—London, Chatham, Woodstock, Stratford, Owen Sound, Belleville, Galt, Niagara Falls, Peterboro, Guelph, Brantford, St. Thomas, Sarnia—Total 13.

THE VOTE IN NAPANEE.

	NO	YES
East Ward Polling Sub-Division A	39	122
East Ward Polling Sub-Division B	48	93
Centre Ward Polling Sub-Division No. 1 A	54	92
Centre Ward Polling Sub-Division No. 1 B	16	62
Centre Ward Polling Sub-Division No. 2 A	48	154
Centre Ward Polling Sub-Division No. 2 B	20	76
West Ward Polling Sub-Division No. 1 A	45	82
West Ward Polling Sub-Division No. 1 B	34	59
West Ward Polling Sub-Division No. 2 A	55	94
West Ward Polling Sub-Division No. 2 B	33	120
	359	954
	359	
Majority for the "DRYS"		595

To the Referendum Organizations in the various municipalities in Lennox and Addington, to every polling subdivision organization and to the great number of devoted workers, who by their concentrated efforts, secured such a "YES" majority for the county, the County Referendum Committee tenders its hearty thanks.

A. J. WILSON, Secretary.

THE VOTE IN THE COUNTY.

The returns from the County are as yet incomplete, but those received are as follows:

	NO	YES
RICHMOND		
Poll No. 1	34	98
Poll No. 2	29	137
Poll No. 3	24	227
Poll No. 4	...	...
Poll No. 5	21	216
SHEFFIELD		
Polls Nos. 1 and 2	59	211
Poll No. 3	57	82
Poll No. 4	52	18
NORTH FREDERICKSBURGH		
Poll No. 1	35	140
Poll No. 2	28	133
Poll No. 3 B	42	122
Poll No. 3 B	22	81
ERNESTTOWN		
Poll No. 1	about 80 yes	
Poll No. 2	47	146
Poll No. 3	32	143
Poll No. 4	6	180
Poll No. 5	18	234
SOUTH FREDERICKSBURGH.		
Poll No. 1	...	...
Poll No. 2	29	117
NEWBURGH.		
	40	155
CAMDEN		
Poll No. 1	28	98
Poll No. 2	35	134
Poll No. 3	53	111
Poll No. 4	20	79
Poll No. 5	35	110
Poll No. 6	54	83
Poll No. 7	27	168
Poll No. 8	45	101
ADOLPHUSTOWN		
Poll No. 1	48	123
Poll No. 2	6	47
KALADAR		
Poll No. 1	44	136
Poll No. 2	12	62
Poll No. 3	15	20

THAT FISH QUESTION

In the Toronto Daily Star of Monday the following editorial comment is made in reference to the recent fining of some of our citizens for fishing at the falls without license:

"A day or two ago THE STAR protested against such law and such law enforcement as was used against John Nesbit, a settler near Powassan, who was fined $25 for shooting bears without a hunting license. He had seen an old bear and three yearling cubs in his sheep-field, got his gun and shot them. No settler, since the days when David tended his flocks, would have done otherwise.

If this man was rightly fined under the law, then the law is most unjust to settlers. If this is the law then we feel constrained to say that the law is as absurd as it is unjust.

Another surprising case occurred at Napanee last Saturday. Some thirty persons were called to appear before a couple of fishery inspectors and pay $5 each for having, contrary to law, dipped fish from the river without having secured a license to do so. They had used dip-nets below the falls near the town, as they and their fathers and their grandfathers have done every spring at that same place for the past seventy years. They didn't know—nobody knew—that it was necessary to take out a license at a charge of $2 if you wanted to dip for fish or $5 if you proposed to sell the fish after having caught them.

If this ancient right of the people of Napanee was to be interfered with, a notice posted in town or at the falls where the dip-netting is done, would have prevented the infraction of the law. As it is, those who paid $5 fines are bound to feel that they were unfairly trapped.

One has a right to protest against any law unless it is a general law, holding good against all persons everywhere. While these youths at Napanee have been fined others have been dip-netting for fish all over the province—in the Don, the Humber, the Etobicoke, the Pickering river and many others—without possessing licenses and without interference from fishery inspectors. What then, is the meaning of this raid on the Napanee crowd? Is it a stroke of policy meant to act as a warning for the future to the entire province, or is the law one which any inspector can enforce or not as he chooses?

ROBLIN.

The W. M. S. met in the Methodist church on Wednesday last.

Mr. Clare Russell, Selby, shipped a car load of calves from the C.P.R. station on Tuesday.

Mr. Albert McCracken returned to Toronto on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Gilmour, Miss Ruth Kimmett and Mr. Arthur Kimmett spent Sunday with their mother, Mrs. A. Kimmett.

Mrs. Ed. Thompson is very ill with pneumonia. We hope for a speedy recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. J. McConnell, Point Anne, visited her mother, Mrs. G. Morgan, who is ill.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Powers, Miss R. Lasher and Mr. G. Kimmett attended "Uncle Tom's Cabin" in Napanee on Monday evening last.

Mr. John McFarlane lost a valuable horse this week.

Mr. J. Kimmett spent Saturday and Sunday with his cousin, Mrs. Percy Vine, Napanee.

The bridge near Mr. Carleton Woods' mill is being repaired by the Township.

Miss Bessie Smith visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Will Smith, on Sunday.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Vaccinate your cattle and insist on Parke Davis' fresh Vaccine in sealed tubes of 10 pellets. Sells $1.00 per tube at WALLACE'S. Mail orders promptly filled.

TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

Council Chamber,
April 18th, 1921.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, Mayor M. P. Graham presiding.

Present — Reeve Boyes, and Councillors Robin, Paul, Wilson, Hartman and Steacy.

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and confirmed.

Mr. Harold S. Brown made application for a pool and billiard license.

Moved by Coun. D. B. Wilson, seconded by Coun. G. Hartman, that this council express its opinion that no further licenses be granted. Carried.

A communication was read from the A. E. James Co. advising the council that in his opinion it would be a good business proposition for the council to call for tenders and get the contract in shape, and in due course the work could be started promptly. The contract referred to is for the permanent work on Dundas roadway.

Moved by Coun. Steacy, seconded by Coun. Hartman, that the engineer be instructed to call for tenders for the paving of Dundas street.

Tenders for street watering were named as follows: Geo. Gieve $5.00 per day; O. Powell $5.00 per day; John Chatterson $5.50 per day. All tenders asked for the preference of other town teaming when not employed at street sprinkling.

Moved by Reeve Boyes, seconded by Coun. Wilson, that the tenders of Messs. Powell and Grieve be accepted, and that the rate paid for town teaming be fixed at $5.00 per day. Carried.

Moved by Coun. Robin, seconded by Reeve Boyes, that the price to be paid by the town for street labor be fixed at 30c. per hour. Carried.

Coun. Roblin, Chairman of the Streets Committee, presented the following report:

Your committee have inspected the streets of the town and would recommend that the following streets be built this year:

1. John St. from Dundas to Mill.
2. One block from Queen's Hotel to Centre St.
3. Robert St. two blocks Graham to Ann.
4. Isabella St. one block Robert to West.
5. Simcoe St. one block Bridge to Thomas.
6. Thomas St. one block Simcoe to the Park.
7. Bridge St. from Adolphi to Grand Trunk bridge.

We would recommend that the following streets be repaired:

1. Dairy Avenue, re-surfaced.
2. East St. from Thomas to G. T. R.
3. West St. from Thomas to G. T. R.
4. Graham St. from Robert to Belleville Road.
5. Simcoe St. from Dundas to Bridge.
7. Bridge St. from Adelpha Westerly as needed.
8. Market Square west of Town Hall.
9. Graham St. John to Robert St.

We would also recommend that an approach be built to Chas. Hambly's field next the Park.

We would further recommend that Robin Hill be oiled from the Iron Bridge easerly 400 ft., and that Centre St. be oiled from the Swing Bridge southerly to Ontario St., an estimated cost of $175.00, cost to be charged to properties benefitted.

Your committee recommend that the petition from Belleville Road residents for sewer, be left over until next year, as the Public Utilities Commission have all they can handle for this year.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

F. J. Vanalstine	$ 2 50
E. R. McCabe	71 42
Madole Hardware Co	124 65
Chas. Stevens	53 25
F. E. VanLuven	31 60
R. J. Solmes	4 99
E. B. Miller	8 00
Dominion Stores	8 25
C. A. Wiseman	15 00
P. Gleeson	17 25
Thompson Bros.	4 03
Gutta Percha Rubber Co	25 94
P. Gleeson	40 50
V. Brown	4 00

The following accounts were referred to committees with power to act: Hydro-Electric Commission, usual accounts, Finance Committee; Chas. Stevens $2.25, Poor and Sanitary Committee; G. Bogart $20.70, and A. E. Paul $14.00, Finance Committee.

A communication was read from Mr. Roy Ferguson asking the council for a bonus of $150 toward the Hay Bay ferry.

Referred to the Finance Committee to consider when the estimates are being prepared.

An account of $5.25, from E. S. Lamont was referred to the Streets Committee with power to act.

Get your dairy supplies and milk cans at WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Glad of It.

"Aren't the mails dreadfully slow?"

"Yes, but that's an advantage sometimes."

"Why, this morning I received the Dulmores' card for yesterday's reception."

"So did I. It gave me a really decent excuse for not going."

Bathing Prohibited.

Mother—"If you fell in the water, why are your clothes dry?"

Tommy—"I took 'em off in case of accident."

100% FLAVOUR

"SALADA"

is all fresh, flavoury young leaves that yield generously in the teapot. Always reliable.

Victory Bond Interest

War Loan Coupons and Interest Cheques may be cashed or deposited at any of our branches. Deposit your Victory Bond interest in our Savings Department and earn interest thereon.

THE DOMINION BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH, G. PATTEN CARR, Manager.

Sub-Agency at Roblin, open Tuesdays, Fridays.

Do You Use This Bank

—to deposit your money where it will be safe from fire and theft, and earn interest?—to cash Cheese Cheques?—to collect Sales Notes?—to issue Bank Money Orders instead of sending actual cash in a letter?—to help you increase your acreage and improve your Live Stock?—to obtain sound advice on investments in Stocks, Bonds and Farm Lands?

THE MERCHANTS BANK
OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864.

NAPANEE BRANCH, C. H. ANDERSON, Manager.
YARKER, VERONA AND PARHAM BRANCHES, J. W. McCLYMONT, Manager.
TAMWORTH BRANCH, S. D. WHALEY, Manager.

WANTED—A smart girl for housework. Apply at once to MRS. ROY E. ROOT, Adelphi St. 43-tf

FOR SALE—2-wheel Trailer, with attachments for Ford car, pneumatic tires, in first-class condition. Apply to C. W. CONWAY. 21-tf

CARS FOR SALE—Gray-Dort, Maxwell, both painted and in first-class repair. Also one Buick Roadster in first-class repair. E. O. UNGAR, Garage. 21-tf

NEW AUCTIONEER.

Having taken out a license for this County as Auctioneer, if you intend to sell out, just "touch the live wire" and let me handle your sale. Orders left at the Campbell House, Napanee or 'Phone at my expense to 10 ring 13, Adolphustown, will receive prompt attention. Usual terms.

HERBERT W. GALLAGHER
Dorland P. O.
11-3-m

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT

The Soldier Settlement Board, Toronto, offer for sale or to rent, 25 acres lots 32-33, Tp. Adolphustown, Lennox and Addington County, situated on Cook's point. This farm has a large orchard in bearing, and is suitable for all classes of truck farming.

For information apply to

G. F. BROOKS,
Agricultural Office, Napanee.
21-bp

FOR SALE

Debentures, County Lennox and Addington $30,000.00, in denominations of $1000.00 each. Interest 6 per cent. per annum. Principal and interest payable in equal annual instalments during the 10 years next after date of issue.

For further particulars inquire of

W. G. WILSON,
County Clerk,
Napanee, Ont.

18-d

The Middle Name.

A study of a record of recent baptisms given in a parish magazine showed that not one child out of twenty was given only one Christian name. Yet it may not be generally known that at one time in Great Britain middle names were illegal. English statutes were most definite as to the naming of children. Coke stated that "a man cannot have two names of baptism." So late as the year 1560 there were only four persons in the kingdom who possessed two given names. Even 150 years ago double names were extremely uncommon. Now it is the exception to find a child who has not two Christian names.

For strength and flavor "Daly's Good Tea" has no equal. For sale at WALLACE'S.

J. M. SIMPSON,
Barrister-at-Law.

Law office over Hydro Electric Store,
Dundas St. Napanee, Ont.

BEVERLEY R. SIMPSON, B.A.
Barrister-at-Law.

57 Queen St., West
TORONTO

FOR SALE—Brick house near Driving Park. Electric lights, good well and barn and two lots. Apply Box 57, Napanee. 20-tf

FOR SALE—Quarter cut oak Buffet and Mahogany Parlor Suite. Apply MRS. WALLACE, Campbell House. 20-b

FARM FOR SALE—125 acres, good buildings, convenient to church, school and markets. Apply to U. M. WILSON, solicitor, Napanee, Ont. 42tf

FOR SALE—A number of houses and lots in town, and also a number of desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 42-tf

JERSEY COW FOR SALE—Fawn color, five years old, pure bred, milking, will come in later. ROBT. PERRY, R.M.D. N. 1, 'Phone 183-24, Napanee.

LOST—On Thursday, March 31st, a Waterman Fountain Pen with owner's name engraved on it. Will finder kindly leave same at Queen's Hotel or this office and receive reward.

WANTED—100 head of young cattle to pasture at the old Vandebogart ranch at Kaladar. Lots of water and lots of grass. $3.50 per head for the season. Apply to WILL VANDEBOGART, Napanee, or W. J. FOSTER, Kaladar, Ont. 20-b

SHORTHORNS FOR SALE—Yearling bulls and calves both male and female. The calves were sired by Mayflower Lad, a registered son of the celebrated Mayflower family. Some seed Marquis wheat. Apply to MARK HAWLEY, R. R. 7. 19-e-p

FOR SALE—Properties owned by the late Stephen Madden are for sale. Brick residence, Lot No. 3, West street, Napanee; all modern conveniences, never failing well, large barn included. Lots Nos. 19 and 20, 2nd concession Richmond, 52 acres more or less, adjoining town limits, on Belleville road; all good workable land. Lots Nos. 14 and 15, in Clarksville, near town; garden land, 2 acres more or less; good frame building known as Slaughter House, cement floors, force pump, tracks, etc. Lots Nos. 21 and 22, in North Fredericksburgh, 1½ miles from town by Kingston road (Highway); 31 acres more or less, all work land, suitable for gardening; a good barn and orchard, small fruits, berries, etc. Apply to ORVAL C. MADDEN, Box 157, Napanee. 17tf

W. T. BAIRD
ORGANIST AND CHOIR DIRECTOR
of Trinity Methodist Church
Teacher of Piano, Organ and Voice Culture.
A few pupils will be accepted.
Studio—West Street.

U. M. WILSON,
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
crown Attorney, Clerk of the Peace.
Phones—Office 46, Residence 125
Office—Dundas St., NAPANEE

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.
Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.
GIVE US A TRIAL

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP TOBACCO STORE
Best Attention, Careful Workmen
Quality Brands of Cigars,
Tobacco, Cigarettes, Pipes, etc.
ARTHUR YOUNG, Proprietor

The Best Service

A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible **VALUES** for the prices asked.

We seek to do this, and it is our purpose to make you feel you can absolutely depend upon the **QUALITY** of your purchases here.

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS MERIT YOUR CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee, Ont.

Coal Oil Heaters reduced to $7.75 at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

C. F. RUTTAN, K. C.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Office—Merchant's Bank Chambers, NAPANEE.
Money to Loan.
Phones—Office 93, Residence 123

H. W. SMITH
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street.
PHONE 61

Dr. CAMERON WILSON
OFFICE—ROBERT STREET
House lately occupied by Mrs A. F. Holmes.
Telephone—262.

T. M. GALBRAITH
B. A., M. D., C. M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a. m. 1 p. m. till 3 p. m. 7 till 9 p. m.
Telephone—279.

Dr. R. V. McLAUGHLIN, DENTIST
Entrance on John Street.
Over Wallace's Drug Store.
Telephone—10

Richmond Farmers' Co-operative Association.

FULL STOCK OF
Flour and Feeds, etc. A car of Salt on hand. We are headquarters for
Cream Separators
Call and see them and get our prices.
600 lb. capacity, $80.00
800 lb. capacity, $85.00.

Sid. C. S. McKIM, Manager
10tf

BUY YOUR
BUTTER WRAPPERS
AT THIS OFFICE

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.
ROBT. LIGHT.
tf

Treat your seed grain with Formaldehyde—the only way to prevent "smut". Guaranteed government strength at WALLACE'S

OUR NATIONAL RAILWAYS

TRAFFIC DEVELOPMENT AND RATES.

A pioneer railway such as the Canadian National had that has its lines projected across and with a number of branches into, new territory in a country like Canada can only expect to at first obtain traffic in such natural products as the country will produce with the least expenditure of capital. Forest products, agricultural products, animal products in their simplest forms, and minerals will initially provide the tonnage and only such quantity of merchandise and manufactured goods will be handled as the early stage of development of the natural resources requires.

If a railway is to be successful on the basis of operating for profit it will however eventually require a return from handling all traffic that will provide for the following:

1. The cost of moving the business (Transportation Expenses).

2. The cost of soliciting the business, and other Traffic expenses, accounting, General and Miscellaneous Expenses.

3. The cost of maintaining its equipment (Motive Power Rolling Stock.)

4. The cost of maintaining the roadway and stuctures.

5. Interest charges—Return on money borrowed.

6. Dividends — Return on money invested.

7. Surplus for development of the property and other purposes.

The reason items 3 and 4 placed after item 2 is that a portion of these expenditures may be for a time deferred.

The rate structure on this continent has been built up on the basis of fixing rates that would enable the traffic to move. Therefore, in practice, a great deal of traffic moves even on profitably-operated railways at rates that admittedly will not contribute to all of these seven items. Excluding special comroads it is probably true to say that coal and some food products could not move if they had to pay a rate that would in itself contribute to even the first five items. Quite naturally it is to the high-class freight that is expected to support items 5, 6 and 7 on a railway of transcontinental proportions. The low-class freight, while covering item 1, may not cover more than a part of items 2, 3 and 4, unless handled in great volume. It is obvious that the Canadian National Railways in the initial years of its development will not obtain much traffic that will contribute to items 5, 6 and 7, and may not handle enough to have the first four items fully covered. As a matter of fact, in 1920 the traffic returns of the Canadian National Railways were sufficient to pay all of items 1, 2 and 3 and nearly ¼ of item 4.

These items are:

Transportation Expenses	$68,146,727.31
Traffic General and Miscellaneous Expenses	7,072,090.19
Maintenance Equipment	27,963,511.21
Maintenance of Way and Structures, amount covered by earnings	8,050,273.94
Expenses met by earnings	$111,233,602.65
Bal. of Maintenance of Way expenses not covered by earnings	26,708,456.23
Interest charges	24,155,988
Dividends	none
Surplus	none

The comparative tonnage figures of all Canadian Railways for 1920 are not yet available but a comparison of some of the principal commodities transported by the Canadian National and Canadian Pacific Railways for the year ended June 30th, 1919, as taken from the Government's Blue Book, shows the greater proportion of manufactured products handled by the C.P.R. as compared with natural products. It is found that this is very marked and that the C.P.R. also gets a great advantage in traffic received from its railway connections both Canadian and U.S. Railways. Take grain for example, of which 2,113,642 tons originated on the Canadian Northern's 9,528 miles against the C.P.R's 6,853,470 tons originated on 13,388 miles, when the grain traffic received by each of these lines from connecting railways is added the total becomes Canadian Northern 2,134,421 tons; C.P.R. 3,221,354 tons.

Note—As far as the originating grain tonnage is concerned it is only fair to say that the Canadian Northern's mileage in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta is 5360 miles compared with the C.P.R's 6406, as, while the originating grain tonnage is that for the systems as a whole, the bulk of it is from the three provinces mentioned.

When four, the manufactured article, is considered the advantage of the C.P.R., being the first in the field is at once reflected. The originated tonnage was, Canadian Northern, 171,454 tons, C.P.R. 974,002 tons, and when tonnage received from connections is added the totals become Canadian Northern total flour tonnage 200,206 tons, C.P.R. 1,-017,618. The same situation shows up when the totals of live stock, the natural product, are compared with the totals of dressed meats, the finished article, or other packing house products. The totals of coal of which the C.P.R. originated 1,-676,000 tons as compared with coke, required in industrial districts; and it is the same in the case of all manufactured products—the one encouraging exception being in household goods and furniture, which includes settlers' outfits, and when comparison, on a per mile basis, is in favor of the Canadian Northern, both as to originating and total tonnage. In merchandise the C.P.R. has a tremendous advantage. This all supports the position that not only is the C.P.R's traffic much greater in actual volume, but that it also includes a greater proportion of high-class freight that contribute to items 5, 6 and 7, Interest, Dividends and Surplus. In Other words, if the C. P. R. had the same tonnage as it now enjoys, but made up of the same proportion of low-class commodities the Canadian Northern and the other railways of the age of the Canadian National System is restricted to, its earnings would be much less. As the country which the National lines serves, develops this difference in make up of traffic will cease to be so pronounced and new industries will in many cases locate on the younger system's lines. Not only does the tonnage of manufactured goods and merchandise pay a higher rate, but it provides tonnage which generally moves in the opposite direction to the movement of natural products with a corresponding advantage from an operating point of view.

Of course it is quite possible for a railway to take a portion of its revenue and apply it to items 5, 6 and 7, which should really be devoted to items 3 and 4, but such a policy cannot be maintained for any duration. As far as the Canadian National is concerned no attempt should be made at the present time to greatly reduce expenditure on items 3 and 4 as the expenditures for Maintenance of Way and Maintenance of Equipment were of necessity lowered during the war and in 1919, than good management, not forced by circumstances, would have dictated. This is a condition common to all railways, being beyond control.

Ever since the outbreak of the War, operating conditions have been so upset that only railways in the strongest possible position have been able to get along without leaning on a government. Prior to 1914 the Canadian Northern had met its fixed charges year by year for 17 years. The greatest benefit in the way of freight rates the farmers of Western Canada obtained, was the reduction consequent on the opening of the Canadian Northern's lines from Winnipeg to Port Arthur. Other substantial benefits accrued on the opening of the Canadian Northern's line to Edmonton. It gave the Western country competition in railway service, and the Canadian National is all that saves Western Canada to-day from a transportation monopoly such as existed prior to 1896.

Projected as a privately-owned line the Canadian Northern looked forward to reaching a position of financial security when it should obtain traffic of a comparable density to that of the C. P. R. Density of traffic as a technical railway phrase is a measure of traffic volume and is obtained by first obtaining the total number of tons moved one mile in a year and dividing this by the miles of good road operated, giving a result which is the number of ton miles moved per mile of line per annum, and this is technically referred to as freight traffic density. In 1902 the C.P.R. by the movement of 1,141,606 ton miles per mile of line and 69,133 passenger miles per mile of line were able to operate at a ratio of 63.97 per cent. and moved its freight traffic in average train loads of 234 tons.

The Canadian Northern System reached this freight density in 1920 and handled its freight traffic in 353 to train loads. Changed conditions, higher wages to employees and higher cost of material, however, now require a much greater density of traffic to enable a railway to operate even at 100 per cent. which means just meeting its operating expenses. The C.P.R's freight density between 1902 and 1919 showed an exceptionally heavy growth and this has given that system an opportunity to increase its average train load greatly, which has had much to do with that System's favourable showing. In 1919 the C. P. R., with a density of 840,928 ton miles per mile of line had an advantage over the Canadian Northern in freight traffic of nearly 80 per cent. and some previous years this advantage has been even greater. The Canadian Northern's development has been good.

It is remarkable to note that since June 30th, 1915, the end of the first year for which a System Report was prepared, and which was prior to the opening of the transcontinental main line, more than 2,000 miles of line have been absorbed into the System, this new mileage including the Pacific Coast Extension, and the connection between the Eastern and Western sections of the System, forming part of the transcontinental referred to, it represented an increase of 33 1-3 per cent. and yet the density of the freight traffic measured by the ton miles carried one mile per mile of road has increased from 295,827 tons to 489,516 tons, an increase of 65.49 per cent. And the density of passenger traffic measured by the number of passengers carried one mile per mile of line has increased from 28,486 to 40,139, an increase of 40.91 per cent. This volume of traffic if handled at pre-war train mile costs and with pre-war freight and passenger rates would have given the System substantian net earnings from the two services and with Express, Mail and Miscellaneous earnings, the amount would have covered practically all the System's Fixed Charges.

It is only right to point out to Canadians the position of many large United States railroads that could not stand comparison with the C.P.R. The following well-known roads could not in 1920 meet their operating expenses:

Line	Gross Earnings	Operating Expenses	Operating Deficit
Pennsylvania R. R.	566,860,758	590,049,937	23,189,178
Boston & Maine	86,715,564	89,160,841	2,445,276
Lehigh Valley	75,097,761	78,695,005	3,597,244
Erie	100,066,950	116,284,948	7,217,998

CALENDAR YEAR 1920. U. S. RAILWAYS.

CO-ORDINATION.

Among the favorable factors that loom up in connection with the amalgamation of the Grand Trunk into the Canadian National System is the supplying of U.S. Railway connections for the National System in which, as pointed out, the C.P.R. has had previously a marked superiority over the C.N.R. The Grand Trunk receives a much greater tonnage from U. S. Railways than the C.P. R. does. The Grand Trunk will also supply in a large measure the proportion of high class freight that is badly needed by the National System and on which a long haul should enable it to pay some of its interest charges. It has a fine tonnage in merchandise and manufactured goods. The Grand Trunk provides in many respects what the National System previously lacked and only a reasonable time to allow normal peace-time development is required to give the National System all the tonnage required to produce earnings sufficient to cover its annual expenditures.

Anyone who does not believe that Canada can produce the traffic should move to another country and anyone who thinks that Canada cannot produce men to administer honestly and capably the great railway properties that the Dominion Government has acquired levels a criticism at the character of her citizenship that should be resented. Canada is not trying to create a Government-owned transportation monopoly, but proposes to protect her investments and those of the provinces, in a common sense way, by the operation of the great Railway System as a corporation would operate if for business profits, and without political interference. The problem in other countries has not been to get the railway men, but to get men in politics who are statesmen, and who, at the sacrifice of some temporary political advantage will keep their hands off the railways. Canada, in this respect, is breaking a new trail and if the present condition is continued as to no political interference the Canadian National Railway System is one of Canada's most valuable assets.

DOES IT PAY TO WORRY ABOUT APPENDICITIS?

Can appendicitis be guarded against? Yes, by preventing intestinal infection. The intestinal antiseptic, Adler-i-ka, acts on BOTH upper and lower bowel removing ALL foul, decaying matter which might start infection. EXCELLENT for gas on stomach or chronic constipation. It removes matter which you never thought was in your system and which nothing else can dislodge. One man reports it is unbelievable the awful impurities Adler-i-ka brought out. Wallace's Drug Store, Ltd.

Insure your valuable furs! Hang up your fur coat in a moth proof bag. All sizes at WALLACE'S.

IT DID THE WORK SAYS PHONE MAN

Has Enjoyed Finest Health Ever Since Tanlac Put Him on Feet Three Years Ago.

"Although it was three years ago that Tanlac relieved me of a bad case of stomach trouble and built me up thirty-six pounds in weight, I've been enjoying the best of health ever since and today am feeling just as fine as I ever did in my life," said Frank Slingerland, employed by the Bell Telephone Company, living at 229 Balsam Avenue, South Hamilton, Ont.

"I was in a terribly run down condition, due to a badly irritated stomach, caused by working in a munition factory. I was continually breathing the fumes and sleeping worse and worse, until I could scarcely retain a glass of milk on my stomach, and at times I couldn't even keep down a glass of water. Everything I ate caused my stomach to pain for hours, and I had frequent headaches lasting two or three days at a time. In the morning I was just as tired as when I went to bed at night, and I never felt rested, but was simply miserable all the time.

"I just kept hearing so much good said about Tanlac that I finally began taking it myself, and it wasn't but a little while until I was improving right along. After taking five bottles I am in tip-top condition, feeling fine and can eat anything set before me without my stomach hurting me a bit. I have put on thirty-six pounds and have been feeling like a different man ever since. Tanlac certainly did the work for me alright, and I don't hesitate to give it my highest endorsement."

Wilson's - Shoe Store

Work Boots at Pre-War Prices

Men's Heavy Grain Blucher..... Sizes 6 to 11, for.....$ 4.50
Boys' Heavy Blucher Double Sole..... Sizes 1 to 5, for.....$ 3.50
Youths' Heavy Blucher, for school wear..... Sizes 11 to 13, for.....$ 3.00

We are selling all our Fine Boots at a Reduction.

JAS. A. WILSON,
Phone 116. The Reliable Shoe Store.

300,000
B. C. SHINGLES FOR SALE
5 X No. 1, 3 X No. 2, extra thick shingles.
May be seen corner of Centre and Graham streets.
Special low price for cash or terms may be arranged.
GEO. A. CLIFF

Trunk into the Canadian National System is the supplying of U.S. railway connections for the National System in which, as pointed out, the C.P.R. has had previously a marked superiority over the C.N.R. The Grand Trunk receives a much greater tonnage from U. S. Railways than the C.P. R. does. The Grand Trunk will also supply in a large measure the proportion of high class freight that is badly needed by the National System and on which a long haul should enable it to pay some of its interest charges. It has a fine tonnage in merchandise and manufactured goods. The Grand Trunk provides in many respects what the National System previously lacked and only a reasonable time to allow normal peace-time development is required to give the National System all the tonnage required to produce earnings sufficient to cover its annual expenditures.

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Dusky Policewomen.

Our women police are not such a new institution as most people imagine.

"I had in one instance a woman as village constable," writes Capt. C. A. W. Monckton in "Some Experiences of a New Guinea Resident Magistrate." "She had a very masterful personality, and had ruled her village before the advent of the Government.

"She did splendid work, and only once gave me trouble, and that was when she summarily divorced her husband; he was rather glad than otherwise, as the position of consort to the official lady was not altogether a bed of roses. But then she picked out a fine-looking young man of her village, about ten years younger than herself, and ordered him to marry her.

"He was struck with consternation at the prospect and bolted for an adjoining village; she pursued him, and ran him in on the charge of disobeying the village constable. Two other village constables nearby were scandalized at the affair; they ran in the pair and brought them before me, when, in answer to my inquiries, the woman official stated her grievance.

"'Why won't you marry her?' I asked the man. 'It seems the best way to settle the matter.'

"'I'd sooner go to jail,' he said, briefly.

"'Well, I am blessed if I see any way out of it,' I said; 'if you return to your village I believe she will marry you sooner or later. Wanting to marry you is not a crime.'

"'Can I enlist in the Armed Constabulary?' he asked. 'I should be safe there.'

"'Yes, that will be the best; I'll send you to Cape Nelson.'

"'Are you not going to make him marry me?' asked the redoubtable dame. I shook my head. 'Then I suppose I'll have to take So-and-So back again,' she remarked, naming her recently divorced husband—which she did."

Northern Mines.

The mining industry in Alaska, which began in 1880, when the gold placers at Junea were first exploited has produced more than $418,000,000 worth of gold, silver, copper, tin, tungsten, antimony, coal, petroleum, marble, gypsum, chromite, platinum and palladium.

London, Eng., has a squad of motorcycle policewomen.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Don't spoil your paint job with poor materials. Will guarantee you genuine Elephant lead, pale boiled oil and pure turpentine, at proof bag. All sizes at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

ICE

I am in the ice business again this year. Have purchased another house and expect to be in a position to supply all demands.

S. CASEY DENISON
CENTRE STREET, NORTH
'Phone 101.

Long Distance Service Is Now Classified

THE Classifications on long distance telephone calls in effect from midnight, April 20th, are of interest to all users of that service. It is possible, by a study of your long distance requirements, to effect savings in your long distance bills that are well worth while.

Station-to-Station Service

Station-to-Station service should be used when you are willing to talk to ANYONE at a distant telephone — that is, when you do not need to get a *particular person* on the line.

Station-to-Station service is not only cheaper, but more rapid and accurate than Person-to-Person service. On Station-to-Station service the call can be completed as soon as the distant telephone is answered, while on a Person-to-Person call the particular party wanted must be located and summoned to the telephone.

The charge for a Station-to-Station call cannot be reversed — that is, it cannot be charged to the telephone called, for in that case the telephone operator would have to locate a particular person to approve the charge, which would make it a Person-to-Person call.

Person-to-Person Service

When you make a call specifying that conversation is desired with a particular person at a given number, *Person-to-Person* service is used.

As this service requires greater operating labor and circuit time than a Station-to-Station call, the rate is about 25 per cent. greater.

Examples of Different Rates

Following are examples showing the station-to-station and person-to-person rates for distances up to sixty-four miles:

Miles	Station-to-Station Rate	Person-to-Person Rate
0–12	$0.10	$0.15
12–18	.15	.20
18–24	.20	.25
24–32	.25	.30
32–40	.30	.40
40–48	.35	.45
48–56	.40	.50
56–64	.45	.55

Appointment and Messenger Service

Appointment calls and *Messenger calls* are special kinds of person-to-person calls.

An APPOINTMENT CALL rate, which is about 50 per cent higher than the station-to-station rate, is quoted for service when an appointment is made by the calling party to talk at a particular time.

When a person who does not have a telephone is called over long distance and a message must be sent to summon the party to the telephone, the MESSENGER CALL rate, which is about 50 per cent higher than the station-to-station rate, is charged, and to this is added the necessary messenger charges.

The Report Charge

When you place a call for a particular person or persons and for any reason they cannot be reached the same day at the address given, or will not talk, or if you make a call and you are not ready to talk when the other person is ready within an hour, a REPORT CHARGE is made. The report charge is about one-fourth the station-to-station rate. It is intended to cover part of our expense of handling the uncompleted call.

Special Evening and Night Rates

The EVENING rate, between 8.30 p.m. and 12 midnight, on station-to-station calls, is about one-half the day rate. The NIGHT rate, between midnight and 4.30 a.m., is about one-fourth the day station-to-station rate.

However, no evening or night rates are quoted on station-to-station calls where the day rate is less than 25 cents. On such short-haul calls the day rate applies. For longer distances special evening and night rates are quoted.

Because it is difficult to reach particular persons at night, when many are away from their homes and places of business, there are no special *evening or night rates* quoted for person-to-person calls. They apply only on station-to-station calls.

Every Bell Telephone is a Long Distance Station

The Bell Telephone Company OF CANADA

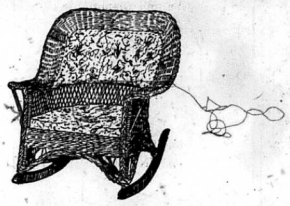
A Non-Glare Lens at $1.25 per pair and others at Higher Prices.

Good Advice Regarding your Battery during winter.

Willard Service Station - GRAHAM'S GARAGE
Next Gibbard's Retail Furniture Store.

A Chat on Spring Furniture

WICKER FURNITURE



is growing more and more popular, and is gradually finding its way in many homes throughout our neighborhood.

It is found to be extremely comfortable and is much more durable than expected. The prices of these Chairs are from **$15.00 to $27.00.**

"Buff and Rush" Chairs **$8.50 to $10.50.**

We have just received for spring trade a large shipment of

SEA GRASS CHAIRS, ROCKERS, SETTEES AND TABLES

in extremely unique designs.

The price will surprise you as they are much lower than last year's.

Chairs from $11.00 to $16.00.

Tables, $11.50 ; Settee, $25.00.

Wooden Kitchen Rockers from $3.00 up.

Nothing can add as much to your living room as neat looking and comfortable Rockers and Arm Chairs.

We have them at correct prices ranging up to **$35.00.**

These Chairs are in different kinds of wood and finishes.

Upholstered in Tapestry, Leather or Craftsman.

Better Furnished Homes Means Greater Happiness

That Chair or Rocker that you occupied in front of the fire during the cold winter evenings should be discarded and replaced with a new one that will give you solid comfort during the sweltering hot days that are ahead of us.

Beautify your home—make your friends envious of your nice furniture.

Are your beds comfortable, or lumpy ? Are your children proud of their home, or are they ashamed to ask their friends in ? Does your furniture simply fill up space and not add beauty and coziness to your home ?

Money spent on Furniture is always refunded in comfort, beauty, pride and happiness.

OUR PRICES, we are proud to say, cannot be beaten wherever you may go. All our goods have been reduced to compare with the present market price, and in many cases they are lower.

We carefully wrap and crate goods for out of town, and pay all freight charges to your nearest station.

When you want prices, write to us—when in town drop in and look over our stock. It is no trouble to show goods, and the greatest pleasure will be shown you whether you buy or not.

CHESTERFIELDS

Well made and well upholstered, are lifelong pieces of furniture. They offer coziness and comfort beyond expectation, and nothing can add more to the attractiveness of a room. With the loose cushions they can easily be kept free from dust, and are always clean and sanitary.

Prices from $80.00 up.

DAVENPORTS

in different styles and sizes. **Our $90.00 one** has an apartment for bedding, can be used with or without extra mattress. **At $46.00** we have a special value. Full size and good quality Tapestry covering.

STEEL DIVANS

are gradually crowding out the old time couches, because they are more comfortable, and more durable.

The frames are made of iron with link springs joined to frames by helicals at both ends.

Springs are covered with an all felt mattress, and the whole is covered with a neat patterned cretonne. Makes comfortable single bed.

Price $15.75.

Double steel Divan is similar to the one mentioned above, except that it will extend out, and makes a good size double bed. In Green Denim Covering **$18.50 ;** in Cretonne, **$18.75 ;** like above mentioned, in a Davenport style, **$27.00.**

KITCHEN CABINETS

The foremost labor saving device for the modern home are considered the best friend of the housewife. It saves numerous steps between the kitchen table and the pantry, as everything is in its proper place within arms length of your work table. These Cabinets vary in prices from $37 to $100.

Our special sells for $49.00.

This is a rare Cabinet offer.

Kitchen Tables in different styles and sizes. Kitchen Tables, with two drawers and two bins underneath, at **$17.40**

Kitchen Chairs at **$1.75 and $2.40.**

One-Third of Your Life is Spent in Bed

So why not have your Bedroom as nice as any other part of your home ?

We are agents for Simmons Limited, the largest bedding manufacturers in the world.

They have made a scientific study of sleep, and as a result have manufactured Beds, Springs and Mattresses that invite sleep and genuine comfort.

Our Bedroom Furniture is all beautifully Finished and well Constructed

Any piece sold separately, or with the suite.

We have some rare bargains in odd pieces.

Iron Beds from $7.00 to $15.50.

Brass Beds from $25.00 to $36.00.

Springs from $5.75 to $13.

Mattresses from $8.00 to 25.00.

Bedroom Chairs from $6.00 to $16.50.

Camp Cots from $4.50 to 10.00.

Mattresses for Cots $4.50.

Wooden Beds from $8.50 to $45.00.

Dressers from $25.00 to $75.00.

Chiffoniers from $28.00 to $60.00.

Dressing Tables from $17.00 to $53.00.

Dressing Table Benches at $11.00.

Washstands from $10.50 to $16.00.

We have a large assortment of Mattresses, and many of them are reduced in price.

The famous Ostermoor is reduced from $36.00 to $25.00

Solid Walnut Queen Anne Design

Some folks tell us that our stock of Period dining-room furniture is too large for Napanee, and an out-of-town visitor said the other day, "I don't believe that high priced furniture will find sale here."

We believe that these persons are mistaken. We believe that there are plenty of people in Napanee that want the best and who are willing and able to pay a reasonable price for it. We have sold several suites of this solid Walnut dining-room furniture and expect in the near future to place many more suites in homes in and around Napanee.

The Queen Anne design and Louis XVI design are the most pleasing as the artistic and neat outlines add grace and beauty to your dining-room. The price is lower than formerly, so now you are getting good bargains. Our less expensive dining-room furniture has all been reduced in order to compare with the present market price.

Diners, in Elm, Oak and Walnut with plain seat, padded seat or slip-in seat from $20 to $95.00.

Tables, round or square, pedestal or leg style, 6 ft, or 8 ft, in Elm, Oak or Walnut, from $25.00 to $78.50.

Buffets, in Elm, Oak, or Walnut, various sizes, some with board pediment, others with mirror back, from $39.50 to $100.00.

China Cabinets, in Oak and Walnut in different styles, from $34.00 to $74.00.

His Majesty The Baby

told us that he wanted a carriage this spring so that he could get out in the fresh air, but he did not say whether he wanted a plain one or a fancy one. And so in order not to disappoint him we have placed in stock several different kinds, ranging in price up to **$45.00.**

GO-CARTS with reclining backs at **$12.50 and $17.50.**

FULL COLLAPSIBLE GO-CARTS of Black Leatherette, well constructed, at **$16.50 and $20.00.**

SULKIES range in price from **$4.50 to $15.50.**

"KIDDIE-KARS," high chairs, child's rockers, toy sets, bassinets, cots and mattresses, all at reasonable prices.

We are Agents for

"His Master's Voice" Victrolas and Victor Records

The prices of our Cabinet Machines are extremely reasonable.

At $95.00 we have a Cabinet Machine in Fumed Oak or Mahogany, needle cups, tone modifier, 12 inch turntable, double spring motor and vertical rack to hold sixty records.

Victrola No. 10 at $200.00.

Victrola No. 11, at $240.00.

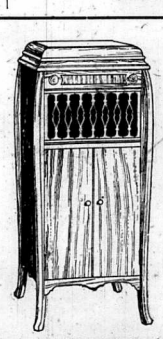
Victrola No. 13, at $220.00.

Be sure and look for the Victor Dog if you want Victor products.

If you want real snappy Fox Trots, lively One-steps and dreamy Waltzes you must buy Victor records. Those bewitching, entrancing Hawaiian records are always popular.

New records out the first of each month. If you leave us your name and address we will mail you, free of charge, a monthly catalogue containing a description of each record. New records and most of the old ones are kept in stock.

Be sure that the **Victor Dog** is on the centre of every record you buy. It guarantees the quality and protects you from inferior substitutes. For list of records see adv. on Page 7.



"IT SPEAKS FOR ITSELF"

Plays all Records perfectly

$160.00

The

Smallest Victrola as well as the Largest

puts at your command the world's best music exactly as rendered by the greatest artists.

One of these small Victrolas is an important part of your camping outfit. Its service is indispensable to your outing.

For the home these portable machines are very useful as they are easily conveyed from one room to the other.

They produce good time for dancing, and have a rich, clear tone for vocal or instrumental music.

Price $40.00
$60.00
$90.00

Open Week Days
8.30 a.m. to 5.30 p.m.

Gibbard's Retail Store

The Home of Good Furniture. Dundas St. East, Napanee

Open Saturdays
8.30 a.m. to 9.30 p.m.

Wilson's Hardware Store

Housecleaning Time is Here

We have a **Paint** for every **Purpose** and a **Brush** to put it on.

For Your Walls and Ceilings

Martin-Senour Neu-Tone Paint

(The paint with a velvety surface)

Martin-Senour Gloss Paint.
Muresco, Alabastine.

For Your Floors & Woodwork

Martin-Senour products in : Ground Color, Wood-lac, Varnish Stain, "Marbleite" Varnish, Porch Paint and Floor Paints in all shades.

—also—

The Famous Degrah Varnish.

D. B. WILSON

'Phone 138

HARRY E. SMITH
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store, Napanee
6-3-m

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

PUBLIC HEALTH NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that ALL HOUSEHOLDERS and OTHER PERSONS residing in the Municipality of the Town of Napanee must remove all putrid and decaying animal and vegetable matter from all cellars, buildings and yards, and must clean out any foul or offensive drain, ditch, gutter, privy, cess pool or ash pit, kept or so constructed as to dangerous or injurious to public health, and must also remove any accumulation of dung, manure, offal, filth, refuse, ashes, or stagnant waterfi on or BEFORE MAY FIRST, 1921, as provided by the Public Health Act.

Notice is also hereby given to all owners and occupants of property in the Town of Napanee, that on and after said May 1st all premises will be inspected, and if found in an unsanitary condition, will be ordered to be vacated until put in a sanitary condition.

Any neglect or refusal to remove or abate such matter or thing as aforesaid shall subject the person or persons so neglecting or refusing to a PENALTY of not less than $5.00 nor more than $50.00, in the discretion of the convincing Justices or Magistrate.

Any complaints against the violation of the Public Health Act should be made to R. A. BEARD, Sanitary Inspector for the said Town of Napanee.

By order of the Board of Health.

G. H. COWAN, M.D.,
Medical Officer of Health.

W. A. GRANGE,
Sec. Local Board of Health.

Dated at Napanee, April 20th, 1921. 21-b

Varnish your floors, linoleums and furniture with "Copalline". It stands water best, dries hard and with a good gloss, and does not darken floors. For sale in Napanee only at WALLACE'S.

Expert Photo Finishing.

Developing, 5c. roll, printing, 3c. a piece, any size. Post paid.
JACKSON STUDIO,
Chesley, Ont.

Market Grocery.

A full supply of fresh Garden Seeds in this week. See us before buying. St. Lawrence sugar, choice groceries, Teas and Coffee.
T. THOMPSON BROS.

Reserve the Date, April 21st.

A pageant, "The Striking of Canada's Hour," will be presented by the young people of Grace and Trinity churches in Trinity church. Admission 25c.

Best Price on Paint.

We are clearing out some well-known brands. You can get white for inside or outside use and many colors, at lowest price. Don't miss this : WALLACE'S Drug Store.

The Red Cross Society.

Mrs. H. P. Plumptre, Toronto, will address a public meeting in the Town Hall, Tuesday evening, April 26th, at 8 o'clock. Her subject will be "The Red Cross Crusade for Good Health." No admission fee.

Five Roses Flour.

Buy Five Roses Flour, Harvest Queen flour, Quaker flour and pastry flour, also pure ground flax oil cake meal, calf meal, etc., from

FRANK H. PERRY,
'Phone 130

The Verona Mystery.

The man of mystery, who has been wandering around Verona for some time, has been arrested for vagrancy. Gordon Edwards, a Toronto mining engineer, says the man is Ambrose Small. The man himself claims his name is Cox and that he came from Scotland and several weeks ago from Winnipeg. The man is being held for examination and is under medical care. Mr. Branigan, of the Kingston Opera House, says the man is not Small.

Two or More Things Every Farmer Should do.

If you have an auto top or buggy top needing repairs take it to the **M. B. MILLS CO.**, and get it done right away, NOW, before the spring rush. Also if you want CUSTOM HATCHING or BABY CHICKS place your order NOW, as our order book is filling fast. Eleven incubators in commission, five hatches off already. Bring us all your surplus hens and chicks by day and get top prices. And lastly remember that we are selling all kinds of PLOW SHARES AT A REDUCTION from last year's prices. Come to us for breeding cockerels.

The M. B. MILLS CO.,
Foot of John Street.
'Phones : Residence, 298, shop 103. 16-d

For good bacon go to H. W. KELLY. A fresh shipment just in to sell for 50c. per lb.

Doctor Escapes From Burning Car.

Dr. Denyes, Shannonville, is around again after his sensational escape in a motor accident a couple of evenings ago on the road between the fifth and sixth concessions of Tyendinaga. Dr. Denyes was driving his large Chandler machine along the sideroad and when at a point where the bank falls abruptly away, the automobile left the road and plunged into space, landing on its wheels twenty feet below on the rock. The doctor was dazed by the fall but otherwise unhurt, and when he came to, he found the motor on fire. A gentleman who was in the car with him was also fortunate in not being injured. The auto had to be abandoned and it was consumed except the metal body and the motor. The auto had been wrecked in the fall, but how it caught fire is a question, unless the gasoline tank was pierced or severed open causing the oil to run over the engine. Residents who know the spot, consider the doctor's escape as little short of miraculous.

Milk cans, Dairy pails, Royal Purple and Grofast calf meals. DAVY & ALLISON. 15-b

To
WINNIPEG,
BRANDON,
REGINA, SASKATOON,
CALGARY, EDMONTON, PRINCE RUPERT,
VANCOUVER, VICTORIA

THE "NATIONAL"
LEAVES TORONTO 11.00 P.M. DAILY
via G.T., T. & N.O. and C.N.Rys.

via Parry Sound and Sudbury
Leave Toronto 8.45 p.m. Daily except Sunday

STANDARD TRANS-CONTINENTAL TRAIN EQUIPMENT
Tickets and full information from nearest Canadian National or Grand Trunk Railway Agent.

Canadian National-Grand Trunk

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FOR FORD CARS
Sedans-Coupe-Touring-Runabouts-1-ton Trucks-Tractors and Tractor Implements
See PAUL & SMITH,
NAPANEE FORD DEALERS
GARAGE—Dundas St. East. Phone 198

GRACE METH. CHURCH

Rev. W. P. Rogers, B.A., Pastor.

Thursday 8.00—Pageant in Trinity church.

Sunday, 9.30—Morning Class.
Sunday 10:30—Morning Worship. The members of Argyle Lodge No. 212 and Napanee Lodge No. 86, I.O.O.F., will attend in a body. Suitable sermon and special music.
Sunday, 11.45—Sunday School.
Sunday, 7.00—Evening worship.

For Your Furs.

Better than Moth Balls and not disagreeable to use "Red Cedar Flakes", 25c. a large package, at WALLACE'S.

Paint Up !

Martin-Senour 100 per cent. pure paint, gives absolute satisfaction or money refunded. Try it. Sold only at WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Strawberry and Raspberry Plants.

Columbia, Cuthbert and Black cap raspberries ; Williams, Senator Dunlop, Island King and Ridgway strawberries.

ELA McCABE,
21-ap R. R. 3, Napanee.

Richmond Farmers' Co-operative Association

Will ship hogs, cattle and sheep NEXT MONDAY. Highest returns. All stock insured against loss.

SID. C. S. McKIM,
Manager.

The Play.

"The Poor Married Man" and "More Blunders Than One" will be presented in St. Alban's Church Hall, Adolphustown, on Friday April 22nd, under the auspices of the Dramatic Club. Two hours and a half of real fun. Admission 50c. Reserve this date. Orchestra. 21-a-p

A Dairy Resolution.

At the annual meeting of the patrons of the Bath cheese factory, after discussion about matters of general interest and especially concerning the payment of milk received at the factory according to its test for butter fat, a resolution was introduced strongly denouncing the practical application here of the Provincial Dairy Act, for the payment of milk at the cheese factory according to its test for butter fat, because of its being impractical to get a true and exact test for butter fat from milk that is taken just once a day to the cheese factory ; because of it largely added expense it would entail, of the greatly increased work it would bring to the cheesemaker and the secretary, and because it would not be of any benefit to any one individual among the patrons, and because the cheese industry was now in a condition in which it could not bear any deduction from its profits. This resolution was carried unanimously.

For Pure Cocoa for your children go to **H. W. Kelly's**, he has a barrel of it at 25c. per lb.

One of Oldest Residents Dead.

Henry L. Clapp, one of the oldest settlers died Sunday, March 13th, 1921. Mr. Clapp was born in Adolphustown, Canada, Nov. 2nd, 1840. He was the son of Dorland L. Clapp and Eleanor Huffman Clapp. He moved with his parents to Watertown, N.Y., in 1840, and to Omaha, Nebraska, in 1856. At this time he was not satisfied with the prospects for Nebraska and so he traveled on to investigate conditions in several of the western states, but returned to Nebraska and in 1867 took a homestead five miles northwest of the present town of Elmwood. Mr. Clapp's father was one of the original homesteaders of this community and lived to a ripe old age, passing away in 1909 at the age of 96. His mother died in 1894. He was the eldest of four children, a sister, Minerva Clapp Robinson, died in 1906. A brother, Charles D., died in 1919 and Smith J., now living in Logan, Kas. Mr. Clapp's father and brother, Chas. D., helped to build some of the first houses in Lincoln, and in many of the smaller towns in the western part of the state. On Oct. 9th, 1872, Mr. Clapp married to Jennie Conn, of Greenwood, Nebraska, who survives him. He also leaves a daughter, Mrs. Blanche C. Harger, of Chicago, and one son, Henry L., of Elmwood, and two grandchildren, Marion and James Harger. Mr. Clapp's estate still retains the original homestead, altho in 1884 he moved to another farm two miles south of the old home, and in 1894, he moved into Elmwood, where he has since made his home. Mr. Clapp was stricken with his last illness in December, 1919 and was confined to his home and most of the time to his bed since then. Through all his long and trying illness he was patient and cheerful and sought to make the lot of his nurse and wife as pleasant as possible. In business life he was known throughout eastern Nebraska and was the epitome of honor and was greatly respected. At his request the funeral was held at the family home on Tuesday, March 15th, by his pastor, Rev. F. E. Sala, and was laid to rest in the Elmwood cemetery.

Best Elephant White Lead, pure boiled Linseed Oil, best Turpentine, Glass, Putty, Etc., all at WILSON'S HARDWARE.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. S. J. Shorey, D. D.

The Rev. Dr. Shorey will conduct the services next Sunday at 10.30 a.m. and 7 p.m.
11.45—Sunday School.
The Young People's Union Tuesday evening, April 19th, at 7.30 o'clock.
Wednesday, 7.30—Prayer and praise service.

A New Assortment of Fabrics to Select from

Tweeds and Fancy Worsteds
as well as
Plain Indigo Blues and Mixture Greys

Leave Your Order Early for Your New Spring Suit

JAMES WALTERS,
Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., pastor.

10.30—Morning service.
11.45—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7.00—Evening service.
Wednesday, 7.30—Midweek meeting for prayer and Bible study.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church :

8.00—Holy Communion.
10.30—Morning Prayer.
12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening prayer.

Do Your Own Graining.

Let us show you the "Campbell" way. It is so easy and you'll be delighted with the results. Ask at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Mothers' Allowance.

The Lennox and Addington Branch of the Mothers' Allowance Board will meet in Mr. W. G. Wilson's office on Monday, April 25th. Miss Maud Abernethy, Kingston, lady visitor for the Commissions for Eastern Ontario, will meet the local Board and all parties having any appeals or complaints to make to the Board will be heard.

Don't fail to use Instant Louse Powder under your setting hens. Large tins 35c. at WALLACE'S only.

Why Is It America?

Every school boy knows that the name "America" refers to the explorer Americus Vespucci, but comparatively few know the circumstances which led up to the bestowal of this name, rather than that of Columbus, upon the new world. Major, the expert on the science of map drawing, has shown that the appellation "America" first appeared on the map of the world drawn by no less an artist than Leonardo da Vinci, and he explains the circumstances which led up to its adoption as follows:

"The first map known to exist with the new world delineated upon it is that drawn by Juan de la Cosa, the pilot of Columbus on his second voyage. The map is dated 1500. Juan de la Cosa was with Ojeda and Vespucci, and afterwards with Ojeda on his last and ill-fated expedition. In May, 1507, just the year after the death of Columbus, a man named Martin Waldseemuller wrote a book to which was appended a Latin account of the four voyages of Vespucci. In this book, published at St. Die in Lorraine, Waldseemuller proposed that the name 'America' should be given to the new world, in honor of Vespucci, whom he erroneously supposed was the discoverer of the continent.

"In 1508 the first engraved map containing the new world appeared in an edition of Ptolomy, printed at Rome; but this does not bear the name America. But in 1509 this name appears as if it were already accepted as a well known denomination, in an anonymous work entitled 'Globus Mundi,' published at Strasburg. The map of the world of Leonardo da Vinci, presumably issued in 1514, has the name America across the South American continent as well as the north — this a Dutch author and an Italian artist contrived, possibly without malice, to rob Columbus of at least some of the fruits of his courage and perseverance."

Areas for Crop, 1921.

New breaking—

	1921. Acres.	1920. Acres.
Manitoba	188,200	196,200
Saskatchewan	549,837	849,759
Alberta	485,852	875,000
Summer fallow—		
Manitoba	1,410,000	1,350,000
Saskatchewan	3,675,751	4,395,746
Alberta	1,833,700	1,250,000
Fall ploughing—		
Manitoba	2,730,000	1,833,500
Saskatchewan	748,085	498,724
Alberta	1,764,825	400,000
Total acres prepared—		
Manitoba	4,328,200	3,379,700
Saskatchewan	4,973,673	5,744,229
Alberta	4,083,377	2,525,815
Total	12,785,750	11,649,744

Knew Too Much.

It was the annual lacrosse match between the teams of rival towns. The teams having lined up for the fray, it was found that the referee was absent. They decided to select an official from the crowd. The captain approached a spectator.

"Look here, old man," he said, "our referee hasn't turned up; you know enough about lacrosse to referee, don't you?"

"Pardon me," returned the spectator. "I think I know enough about it not to!"

Muresco has no equal for tinting walls and ceilings. It won't rub off, does not streak and comes in a great variety of beautiful colors. WALLACE'S.

Masters & Tierney

Undertakers

Motor and Horse Equipment

'Phones :
Office 30. Residence 145.

Wallpaper

New season's designs now in stock.

Come and select your requirements while we have a full stock.

All our new papers are 22 inches in width, which makes less matching and fewer joins.

WINDOW SHADES.
POLES, TRIMMINGS.

CORNER CENTRE AND MILL STREETS

THE "HYDRO" PLAN OF ORGANIZATION

BY J. E. MIDDLETON.

An occasional letter to a newspaper, duly printed, shows that there is still some misunderstanding concerning the respective functions of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario and of a municipal "Hydro" system. In Toronto, for example, some people indicate by their conversation that they have the local shop and offices on Yonge Street inextricably entangled with the central institution on University Avenue.

Let it be understood first of all, that the ordinary consumer of "Hydro" light or industrial energy buys his power from the municipality. He has no direct dealings with the central organization, which is administered by Sir Adam Beck, Hon. T. B. Lucas and Hon. D. Carmichael. That body—the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario—sells power wholesale to the municipalities. The only place where it touches the consumer is in the making of the rates. A municipal electrical department of commission cannot vary any rate in its own community without the approval of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission. Thus, the possibility of discrimination in favor either of individuals or classes of customers is eliminated.

The local municipal system is under contract to apply its revenue from consumers to certain clearly-defined uses. Naturally, the first charge against revenue is the Cost of Power, as delivered by the Commission to the municipality at a horse-power annual rate. The interest and sinking fund on the local distributing system must be met. The cost of operating this municipal system, and of maintaining it at the highest point of efficiency must be taken out of the revenue. In addition, the municipality is under obligation to put aside annually a sufficient sum for depreciation. All this is taken into account in the fixing of the rates. Generally the charges to the consumers although exceedingly low, is ample to meet all this outlay. Often the surplus has been so handsome that in the following year the rates are reduced. The aim of the Commission is to adjust the rates until the revenue and the expenditure balance, and the consumer is being served absolutely at cost.

Reference was made above to the sale of power wholesale by the Commission to the municipalities. The revenue from this source, coming to the Commission, is devoted to the (a) interest and sinking fund on the co-operative investment for generating stations, transforming stations and transmission lines, (b) the operating and maintenance charge, (c) a Renewals charge, sufficient to replace the entire plant within the debenture period.

The consumer deals with the municipality, the municipality deals with the Commission. The Commission has general supervision over both the engineering and accounting of co-operating municipalities and reports annually to the Legislature.

Don't forget about your **Coffee.** When you want something extra try 1 lb. of **Kelly's Famous Coffee.** Ground fresh every day none can equal it one spoonful is equal to two spoons of any other kind. One trial will convince you. At H. W. KELLY'S grocery.

DENBIGH.

Mr. William Holmes, assessor of this municipality, has completed his work for this year and has returned his Rolls to the Clerk.

Mr. Anton Klien caught a wolf within two hundred feet in a trap. It is hoped that it is the beast which killed quite a number of sheep in the neighborhood last fall.

Mr. Whitney Moser, of Rainy River, was for about a week a welcome guest of his sister and brother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. A. Lockwood.

Mrs. A. Lockwood spent a few days visiting friends and relatives at Enterprise.

Miss Flora Fritsch, trained nurse, of New York, is spending a couple of weeks visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Fritsch.

Mr. Chas. Both is away on a business trip to Cloyne and Tweed.

Oscar Kastner, Wm. Ready and John Wilson left for Northbrook to work in the Ore Chimney Mine.

Mr. Adam McLellan, formerly of Malawatchan, but now retired from business and paying an extended visit at his sisters', Mrs. Sol. Bebee's, at Vennachar, favored some of his old Denbigh friends with a call.

Miss Mae Ball, who underwent a successful operation for appendicitis at the Kingston General Hospital is reported to be doing well.

NEAR POST OFFICE.

Harry Seymour's boot repair shop. Honest workmanship, fair prices. Try us.

Candy.

Get a 1-lb. box at H. W. KELLY'S, he is selling them during Easter holidays for 50c. Fresh in.

Smoke your meat the new way ! "Essence of Smoke" gives a delicious flavor and is so easy to use. Directions with each bottle. WALLACE'S.

CORNER CENTRE AND MILL STREETS

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Scalp Treatments and Facial Massage, Manicuring and Hair Dressing. MARINELLO BEAUTY PARLOR, 212½ Front St., Belleville. 'Phone 1011.

WONDERLAND

For entertainment of the better sort.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

Pathe presents Robert Gordon and Sylvia Braemer in a special feature, "RESPECTABLE BY PROXY."
Also our serial Queen, Ruth Roland, in "RUTH OF THE ROCKIES."

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Universal presents Harry Carey in a special western comedy drama, "BLUE STREAK McCOY."
Also other reels will be shown.

MONDAY and TUESDAY

Big special programme, Olive Thomas, in "EVERYBODY'S SWEETHEART," a Selznick special.
And Mildred Harris Chaplin in a first National super-special, "THE INFERIOR SEX."
Also a 2 reel comedy and a colored reel.
Monday and Tuesday only 10 and 20c.

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

Springtime means Kodak time. Let your boy or girl know the keen delight of making pictures of familiar things around the home. Kodaks and Brownies are sold in Napanee only at WALLACE'S.

An Ounce of Prevention Cleanliness and Carefulness ad lib.

To be taken regularly in large doses

THIS is the most potent prescription for fire-itis. An epidemic that is destroying thousands of lives and millions of dollars' worth of property throughout the country.

Care and Cleanliness are the antidote for fire as well as the antidote for disease.

Eighty per cent. of the fire disease is preventable.

During the first week of May the boys and girls of the Province are going to inspect our homes, where two out of every three fires occur. Help this splendid army of young Canadians to

PREVENT FIRES BY REMOVING THE CAUSE

The booklets, "Conservation of Life and Property from Fire" and "Lightning, its Origin and Control," may be had for the asking.

ONTARIO FIRE PREVENTION LEAGUE, INC.
In Affiliation with Ontario Fire Marshal's Office
153 University Avenue - - Toronto
GEORGE F. LEWIS, Secretary.

BUY YOUR
CEMENT
AND
SHINGLES
NOW
before freights advance.

W. D. MIDMER,
Lumber and Building Supplies.
Mill and East Streets, NAPANEE, ONT.
'Phone, Office 14, Residence 123.
45tf

STRAND THEATRE

Our Motto : Good Shows at Popular Prices.
Road Shows and Vaudeville.

Good Shows
all
This Week

M. MAKER, - Proprietor.

GENUINE ASPIRIN HAS "BAYER CROSS"

Tablets without "Bayer Cross" are not Aspirin at all

Get genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" in a "Bayer" package, plainly marked with the safety "Bayer Cross."

The "Bayer Cross" is your only way of knowing that you are getting genuine Aspirin, prescribed by physicians for nineteen years and proved safe by millions for Headache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuritis, and for Pain generally. Made in Canada.

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets—also larger sized "Bayer" packages.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada), of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company, Ltd., will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

E. J. POLLARD.
Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.
Advertising Contractors and News Correspondents
Fleet St., London, E.C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

W. G. WILSON,
Barrister
Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc.
P. O. Box 620. Telephone No. 83
OFFICE—North Side Dundas St., Napanee, Ont.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE
Barristers, Etc.
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE
Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office.

T. B. GERMAN
Barrister and Solicitor
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES
OFFICE : Grange Block, 60 John 26m Street, Napanee

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C. P. S.
Physician Surgeon, Etc.
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas St., between West and Robert Sts., Napanee.

The Candy Store

Our Homemade Candy continues to please our patrons.

If you have not tried it call and get some on your way home. Your wife and family will appreciate it.

CHOCOLATES
of all sorts and prices

P. PAPPAS
'Phone 208
The Candy Store.

NEW YORK, April 18. — With a smile on his face, Jackie Coogan," "The Kid" in the famous Charlie Chaplin picture of that name, and the hero of Peckins' Bad Boy, is making a valiant fight against death at the Biltmore Hotel, where it was said that the little fellow is suffering from acue bronchial trouble and in grave danger of pneumonia developing.

Decline In Foodstuffs.

OTTAWA, April 18.—A further decline in the cost of foodstuffs during the month of March is recorded in the current issue of the Labor Gazette, which states that the cost of the weekly family budget of staple foods averaged $13.23 at the beginning of March, as compared with $14.08 in February, $15.98 in March, 1920; $15.77 in March, 1919, and $7.86 in March, 1914.

Greek Reservists Called Up.

MONTREAL, April 18.—Greek reservists in Canada are being called to the colors, according to advices received by the Greek Consulate here.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper — A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

TUESDAY.

The U. S. Congress re-assembled Monday.

The Leafs beat Rocky Mount on Monday, 11 to 2.

Athol Gow has been elected president of the T.A.B.A.

Mail service is resumed with Russia, postmaster announces.

McConkey and Coyne, Toronto boxers, were beaten at Boston.

David Balsam, the actor, is ill in New York with pneumonia.

Toronto book binders want wage increases and 44-hour week.

A Government caucus discusses matters affecting the Hydro.

Edmonton's high school teachers, 755 in number, are on strike.

Roy Harris, who confessed to have murdered Elwell, was released.

Negotiations over the miners' strike situation in Britain are still on.

Harry Greb knocked out Soldier Jones in the fourth round in Toronto.

Squadron Leader Keith Tallyour, A.F.C., C.A.F., of Edmonton, killed.

Wm. Donohue, Hamilton, appointed Mining Recorder at South Porcupine.

Toronto City Council makes another vote of money for unemployed relief.

Third attack within a year made on foreigners' bakery in St. Catharines.

Brant county's last toll road, the Cockshutt road, is taken over by the county.

A boy made $211 profit per acre growing potatoes in Carleton-Russell contest.

Mendelssohn Choir has complete success in opening concert in Toronto.

Two strike pickets were taken into custody by Toronto police at one of the abattoirs.

Ex-Kaiserin is dead. The former kaiser will accompany the body to the German frontier.

"Pussyfoot" Johnson was hooted off the platform at Windsor Armories and was escorted by police officers across the border.

WEDNESDAY.

The Leafs defeated Rocky Mount by 10 to 3.

The major league teams open their season to-day.

Rockliffe (Ottawa) airdrome is to be opened by April 25.

Walter Newton was outpointed in three rounds at Boston.

There is an epidemic of chicken-stealing in York county.

Tom Gibbons stopped "Larry" Williams in the fourth round.

The kaiser is doomed to die in exile, says a Dutch paper.

Chippawa power development work to be ready in September.

W. J. Woodland was killed by a quarry blast near Cornwall.

W. J. Jepson appointed city engineer of Niagara Falls, Ont.

Invalid Windsor girl with revolver in vain tries to kill herself.

Assessment reform and rural credits bills pass the Legislature.

Boy Scout Council announces awards of life-saving medals.

Marshal Foch has made plans for further advance into Germany.

St. John, N.B., Chinese protest to Legislature against anti-vice bill.

Government introduces legislation regarding Toronto's power purchase.

Non-chance in price of Chippawa Canal strike report disappoints labor men.

Coal miners have refused to accept Lloyd George's basis of negotiation.

The British Admiralty denies ships for Japan are being built in Britain.

President Harding delivered his first message to Congress on Tuesday.

The strike ordered by the Triple Alliance in Britain has been delayed.

Regina City Council refuses the use of the City Hall to Lindsay Crawford.

Ontario Government and Toronto report fewer men idle than in many years.

The New York Legislature wants the duty on Canadian lumber removed.

The Bowie Line steamship Colonel Bowie, with 22 men on board, foundered in the Gulf of Mexico Monday night. Nineteen men are missing.

THURSDAY.

The Leafs defeated Petersburg by 4 to 0.

Toronto teachers protest against income tax conditions.

Increase in telephone rates amounts to 12 per cent.

Liquor in lockers of Peel county golf clubs is now taboo.

Commission has been named to administer B. C. Liquor act.

St. Catharines, Merritton and Thoroid decide for daylight saving.

Germany is seeking a mediator to soften France on indemnities.

The Triple Alliance has ordered a national strike in Great Britain.

Fletcher Waldron, U. of T. swimmer, broke the long plunge Canadian record.

The major league seasons opened on Wednesday. Seven games were played.

Discussion begins in the United States House on the Emergency Tariff Bill.

George Squires, a stage hand, was fatally hurt in the Capitol Theatre, Montreal.

Italian veterans are protesting against women's employment in railway offices.

President Harding outlines attitude of the United States on mandates issue.

Rev. Father Damase Dandurand, O.M.I., St. Boniface, Man., dies, aged 102 years.

Archbishop Gauthier, of Montreal, was fatally hurt in St. Thomas M.C.R. yards.

Premier Drury says Hydro estimates for the Chippawa work are fully vindicated.

HOW'S THIS?

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will do what we claim for it—cure Catarrh or Deafness caused by Catarrh. We do not claim to cure any other disease.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a liquid, taken internally, and acts through the blood upon the mucous surfaces of the system, thus reducing the inflammation and restoring normal conditions.

All Druggists. Circulars free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio

Ontario Medical Association sanction by License Commission against offending doctors.

Archdeacon Cody of Toronto considers appointment as Archbishop of Melbourne, Australia.

Motor car going at 40-mile rate fatally injures cyclist, Stanley Kramer, at Kitchener, and speeds away.

The London police, after a wild chase to Wardsville, catch four rumrunners, in two cars, with 100 cases of whisky.

FRIDAY.

The Leafs again defeat Petersburg by 5 to 4.

Greek reservists in Canada called to the colors.

Movie photographers are not made welcome at Doorn.

Light vote on the referendum so far in advance polls.

New plans show live stock arena much reduced in size.

Telephone conversations held between Ottawa and Cuba.

A sow at Brockville gives birth to record litter of 20 pigs.

New York leads the National League with two straight wins.

Lithuania says Poland is massing troops in Vilna area.

Turkish troops have bottled up a Greek army in Brusa.

Banks are underwriting credit for Cuba, owing to sugar slump.

Fresh offer to negotiate has been made by the British miners.

Only one game was postponed in the major leagues yesterday.

H. H. Dewart, M.P.P., introduces drastic amendment to O. T. A.

Workers suggest plan of ending strike in Toronto packing plants.

Building costs have declined 20 per cent., says Toronto contractor.

Premier and Hon. Mr. Grant give some encouragement to universities.

Four thousand houses have been destroyed by a fire in Hokodate, Japan.

Longshoremen and other port workers at Montreal to have wages reduced.

Spanish River Pulp & Paper Mills, Ltd., ask employes to accept 30 p.c. wage cut.

Seed potatoes offered at Milton at 20 cents a bag; a year ago sold at $5 to $9.

Riverside A. C. entrants scored heavily in the Ontario boxing tourney.

SATURDAY.

Toronto's tax rate for 1921 is 33 mills.

Seeding has started northwest of Regina.

Montreal Anglican Synod opposes divorce.

Another rebellion is about to start in Mexico.

Rene Viviani will sail for France this week.

New York and Chicago lead the National League.

More than 25,000 returned soldiers settled on farms.

The Triple Alliance in Britain has been split by strike.

Silk production is to be taken up on a farm near Simcoe.

Truant officer finds 12-year-old foreign-born girl married.

Germany will present new reparation proposals to France.

Archbishop Mannix says Vatican is building trade unionism.

Regina teachers given salary increases amounting to $7,500.

A drop in flour prices may bring a reduction in the cost of bread.

Race meetings in England are postponed owing to labor trouble.

Squaws and boys had a hard fight with timber wolves near Cochrane.

Indications are that Jersey City will get the Dempsey-Carpentier bout.

The shipbuilders' strike in Toronto has cost the International Union $18,000.

A course has been organized for training teachers in Canadianizing foreigners.

A high school will be built on the corner of Jarvis and Wellesley streets, Toronto.

Attorney-General Raney refuses to apologize or withdraw statements regarding J. L. Counsell.

MONDAY.

The Leafs beat Norfolk on Saturday by 3 to 2.

Sterling closed in New York on Saturday at 3.52½.

A thousand Irish emigrants have left for the United States.

C.N.R. raises the wages of steam shovel men on eastern lines.

Mothers' pensions investigator in the north finds worthy cases.

Boston won four games out of five from the Brooklyn Nationals.

Daniel Davis, for 22 years police magistrate of Cornwall, is dead.

A bill in Congress seeks to prohibit the sale of intoxicating beer.

Mexico City is unalarmed at reported revolt of Gen. Gonzales.

Damages totalling $15,000 awarded to five Carleton Italian families.

Jose Capablanca defeated Dr. Lasker for the fourth consecutive time.

The Mayflower has been found to be eligible for the fishermen's race.

Owing to poor weather many soccer games were postponed Saturday.

Monster rallies in interest of both sets and drys close Toronto campaign.

Fred Bell, aged 7, of Orillia, was drowned off a raft in Lake Couchiching.

Large crowds pack Parkdale Tabernacle, Toronto, for "laying on of hands."

John Valad, a young farmer near Riversdale, Ont., was found dead in his buggy.

Tablet to the officers and men of the Queen's Own Regiment of Toronto unveiled by Premier of Canada.

Stanley R. Cole, aged 20, of Tyendinaga, died in Belleville as a result of injuries received when the horses he was driving ran away.

GERMANS MAKE OFFER

Outline Reparations That They Would Like to Make.

Offer to Make Good Losses of Every Individual In Northern France and to Rebuild With Teutonic Labor Every Factory and House Destroyed During War — Proposals Sent Through Vatican Channels.

BERLIN, April 18. — With but fourteen days separating her from France's mailed fist, Germany's new reparation proposals, upon which the Government has been working so feverishly, will be submitted in Washington this week.

Contrary to all expectations and reports, the neutral messenger is neither Argentine, Holland, or Switzerland, but is through Vatican channels.

According to information from United States sources that have been in closest touch with the Government here and which there is every reason to assume are reliable, representatives of the Vatican will deliver to Secretary of State Hughes for President Harding, Germany's newest propositions to meet her reparations obligations. It is believed possible that the proposals reached the State Department on Saturday.

A number of striking features are in the new proposals. The most important is, probably, that Germany is said to offer to make reparations to every individual in Northern France for loss or destruction suffered. It will offer to rebuild every house, building or factory destroyed, to clean up and make possible for cultivation each farm or plot of ground ruined by trenches or shell holes. All that is to be done with German labor and material under France's own supervision.

Any individual who sustained loss, can, if he wishes, apply direct to the German Government with proofs of his loss, but it is not expected that he will do so except through his Government.

The second feature of the proposals is that Germany offers to take over the Allied debts to the United States and Great Britain on the reparations account, in order to carry out such a program, Germany offers co-operation for a large international loan. As security for the loan and debts which Germany would take over, Germany would offer the United States, England and Belgium as debtor to America, Germany is said to contemplate offering a monopoly in coffee, sugar, tobacco and possibly other staples in addition to which she would also yield control of customs duties.

Lacking in the proposals but much discussed in industrial and financial circles where the Government is pressing for it, is the proposition to afford American capital the opportunity to take up to or even more than twenty-five per cent. of Germany's industries.

Plans to induce the industries to look favorably upon such a proposition the Government has in view concessions to such industries in other directions for indemnifying them.

It can be positively stated that the Vatican's friendly intervention in offering to act as go-between in Washington was not at the solicitation of the German Government but was voluntarily proposed in the interest of averting possible European economic disaster. The offer came after neutral states had shown that they had not the moral courage and feared political consequences if they took official steps in the same direction. The action taken by Swiss, Dutch and Argentine representatives was kept wholly within "private channels" in order that their Governments could say that they were not officially identified with the move, their fear being of offending France and even possibly the United States.

Defeat Was Accidental.

LONDON, April 18.—According to Australian cables the defeat sustained by the Hughes Government in the Commonwealth Parliament was purely accidental and does not mean necessarily that the Government is under obligation to resign.

Premier Hughes at once moved the adjournment of the House as a means of testing the opinion of the House on the accident and as the House accepted his authority in this matter without dissent, it is expected that the incident will be straightened out.

In a formal statement Premier Hughes declared that it will be impossible for him to attend the conference of Empire Premiers in London in June unless the House makes it clear that the accidental defeat of his Government in no way constituted a vote of censure.

Had His Neck Broken.

TILLSONBURG, April 18.—With his neck broken as a result of being thrown off a load of hay when his team bolted on the Forge road on Saturday, Alonzo Vaudlier, aged 45, of Mabee Corners, is alive. Mr. Vaudlier can neither swallow nor talk. His legs, however, are not paralyzed.

He lit on his head, and when discovered in the road was taken to the Emergency Hospital, where it was discovered that two nerves which control the ability to speak and swallow had been crushed, and the X-ray revealed the neck broken. Mr. Vaudlier is being fed milk through a tube. His head has been placed in an iron splint. It is doubtful if he will live very long.

NO TARIFF REVISION

Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen Upholds National Policy.

Premier Tells Toronto Conservative Club That Government Will Take Over Grand Trunk Railway and Keep Trade Moving East and West — Troubles of Reconstruction Period Discussed.

TORONTO, April 18. — Premier Arthur Meighen, addressing a large audience which assembled in Victoria Hall on Saturday night, under the auspices of the Toronto Conservative Club, said that, although it had been announced he would make some new and important pronouncements of public policy, he had no new policy to bring forward. Four chief points were discussed by the Premier — the difficulties which confront the country during the present period of reconstruction and readjustment; the transportation problem; the problem of the Canadian fighting, and the fiscal policy of the Government. Incidentally, he referred to the obstructive tactics of the Opposition, saying that if other parts of the civilized globe. He said that it might have been supposed that such a country as the United States would be confronted with fewer obstacles as a result of the war than Canada would have to face, as the country to the south was rich, and its contribution to the war had not been proportionately anything so great. Nevertheless, the aftermath of the war in the United States was felt very greatly; in fact, the problem was almost the despair of its statesmen.

The unemployment problem, which was the result of the war, was much greater in the United States than it was in Canada, the proportion of men out of work being much greater than the proportion out of work in Canada.

The right honorable gentleman had no new policy to announce, as the policy of himself and the Government was founded on the principles of the National Policy. He intimated there would be no tariff reductions, as protection of industries was vital to the national life of the country. He stated the Government intended to take over the Grand Trunk system without further delay as all the publicly-owned lines must be consolidated and operated for the benefit of the country as a whole before the best results could be obtained. The operation of the railways by private corporations, he pointed out, had broken down, and the Government intended to undertake their operation. It had to be remembered that miles of railway had been built prematurely and many lines were built for political purposes. Once built they had to be operated, and the problem of the Government was to operate the lines in such a way that the best possible results would be obtained. This it intended to do, but it had to get possession of the whole Grand Trunk system, so that the eastern Railways would contribute their quota to the western lines.

CHINESE ORGANIZED.

Were Assisted by Prominent Citizens of Chatham.

CHATHAM, April 18. — Chatham business and professional men were well represented at a reception tendered in this city Sunday afternoon by the members of the Chinese National Party, which is a branch of the Chinese National League of China, the United States and Canada. A banquet was served by the Chinese residents of Chatham, and the feature of the afternoon was a speech by William Proudfoot, K.C., a prominent resident in Ontario, in which he outlined the aims and objects of the recently formed party. Mayor Brisco spoke on behalf of the citizens and other local orators took part in the program. The objects of the new party are five, to maintain the unity of the Chinese Empire, a local self-Government, to enforce the assimilation of the Chinese race, to adopt the best policies of socialism, and to maintain international peace.

Mr. Proudfoot told of the formation of the party by Dr. Sun in 1912 with a membership of 10,000. Today the membership is 100,000 in the United States and Canada. The object, he said, is to better the condition of the Chinese in this country.

Dr. W. J. Kerr, Chinese student in Toronto University also delivered an address in which he pointed out the important relation between China and Canada. The object of the Chinese, he said, was to serve Canada first and China second. Other speakers were W. B. Wallace, Harry Collins, W. J. Easton, Magistrate S. B. Arnold, J. M. Pike, K.C., William M. Gray and James Innes all of this city.

Sir Sam Hughes Stronger.

OTTAWA, April 18.—Sir Sam Hughes' physician gives a very hopeful report upon his patient's condition. Sir Sam's condition yesterday afternoon was able to get up for twenty minutes during the afternoon.

Lyon's Seat Is Vacant.

LONDON, April 18.—A by-election in Hastings, for the British House of Commons has been made necessary by the resignation of Laurence Lyon, formerly of Toronto, Canada, who was adjudged bankrupt in January, and it is likely that the Labor party will again contest the seat.

Dr. J. R. Lancaster, of Tillsonburg, whose back was broken three weeks ago when he was hit by a M.C.R. passenger train, died from his injuries.

The Department of Trade and Commerce has received notification from Paris that the French duties on the new tariff bill has been passed, giving Canada a preferential tariff of fifty per cent.

WELHELM SHED TEARS.

Ex-Kaiser Says Farewell to Remains of Life's Partner.

DOORN, April 18.—At the small historical station at Maarn, (about five miles from Doorn on the railway from Utrecht to Germany) where the ex-Kaiser arrived to begin this exile in Holland, the remains of ex-Kaiserin Augusta Victoria were on Sunday placed on the funeral train, after a moving farewell of the ex-Kaiser and the Hohenzollern family. The ex-Kaiser wore the uniform of a general in the Brandenburg Infantry. He was accompanied by the ex-Crown Prince and his other sons.

About 10 o'clock, in complete obscurity, twenty automobiles conveyed the mourners to the small station at Maarn, where the funeral train was in readiness and vigilantly guarded by Dutch marechaussee. The hearse was decorated inside with evergreens and pine branches, and a small circle of pines was planted at the station where the coffin was placed for the final ceremony of William Hohenzollern's farewell to the faithful companion who shared his exile in Holland and separated from her children and grandchildren.

The funeral service was held at eight o'clock in a large room of the ex-kaiser's residence, which was decorated entirely with evergreens and palms, and conducted by ex-Court Chaplain Dryander. The ex-Kaiserin wept bitterly standing beside his daughter, his sons and their wives.

The ex-crown prince, who is staying at a villa adjoining the castle, has transported his baggage to the castle, fearing the photographers and moving-picture men who surrounded the villa. The former crown prince continues to wear a light gray overcoat, with only a band of mourning on the sleeve.

The ex-kaiser and ex-crown prince returned to Doorn, although the latter greatly insisted that the Dutch Government allow him to go to Potsdam. He was informed he could not return to Holland if he passed the frontier.

Thousands of curious visitors thronged the streets of Doorn all Sunday, the gathering including crowds of professional photographers and moving-picture users hoping to secure pictures of the scores of former royal personages and other notabilities now here. The villagers in great numbers attended services in the church, where the rector delivered a sermon in memory of the ex-Empress.

DEADLOCK UNBROKEN.

Coal Miners Pay High Price for Obduracy.

LONDON, April 18. — There has been no change in the strike situation during the week-end. It is considered to be a hopeful sign that the miners' delegates are being called together. Their insistence upon the national wages board and the nationalization must now be reviewed. If, at next Friday's meeting the delegates persist in their uncompromising attitude, a deadlock will be complete. It is more probable, however, that they will agree on lines indicated by Frank Hodges in his speech at the Cannon Street Hotel. In this event there will be no difficulty in arranging a meeting with the owners and then, for the first time, wages proposed by them can be discussed.

It is suggested in many quarters that something should be done to bring about the conclusion of the miners' strike at an earlier date than would be possible if the program of the delegates meeting Friday next is strictly adhered to. The Daily Chronicle points out that negotiations will take at least a week, and that there seems little prospect of any work during the present month. This paper reads the following lesson to the miners:

"The mass of miners is the coal fields would do well to take stock and see where extremist leadership has led them. By precipitating a needless strike last autumn it temporarily killed and prostrated periods, out of which the present strike has arisen. By its handling of this dispute, in turn, it has broken the Triple Alliance, and is not only entailing on its members the hardship of staying out a week or a fortnight after the exhaustion of strike pay, but is insuring that, put hundreds of thousands of them, when they go back to work there shall be little or no work to do. If it had had its way with the mine-holding class it would have been far worse. As it is there are certain pits which will never be reopened. Such is the price which the miners must pay for the luxury of letting their trades union business in South Wales and elsewhere be conducted by political fanatics who talked big about all sorts of ulterior objects instead of honestly attending to the needs of their situation. It is a high price, many by the longer they delay to return to more practical politics and advisers the higher it will become."

Cobalt Making Sure.

COBALT, April 18. — The Cobalt camp evidently anticipates a drought in the near future. Bullion shipments are slow, the express companies report, but the liquor traffic is brisk and getting more so daily. In this place of rather less than 5,000 persons there is coming in, on an average, 175 cases of liquor every week, the express agents report.

MCCORMICK'S BISCUITS

Sold for food value only

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, April 18.—The latest quotations on the Board of Trade are as follows:

Manitoba Wheat (In store, Ft. William)
No. 1 northern, $1.70¾.
No. 2 northern, $1.62¾.
No. 3 northern, $1.60¾.
No. 4 wheat, $1.47½.

Manitoba Oats (In Store, Ft. William)
No. 2 C.W., $1.47½.
Extra No. 1 feed, 57½c.
No. 1 feed, 57½c.
No. 2 feed, 54½c.

Manitoba Barley (In Store Ft. William)
No. 3 C.W., 76¾c.
No. 4 C.W., 74¾c.
Rejected, 52c.
Feed, 61½c.

Ontario Wheat (F.o.b. Shipping Points, According to Freights.)
No. 2 spring, $1.40 to $1.45.
No. 2 winter, $1.50 to $1.55.
No. 2 goose wheat car lots nominal.

American Corn (Track, Toronto. Prompt Shipment.)
No. 2 yellow, 67c, nominal.

Ontario Oats (According to Freights Outside).
No. 3 white, 41c to 43c.

Barley (According to Freights Outside)
Malting, 62c to 67c.

Ontario Flour (Prompt Shipment).
Winter, straight run bulk, seaboard, $7.00.

Peas (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2, nominal.

Manitoba Flour.
First patents, $10.
Second patents, $9.50.

Buckwheat (According to Freight Outside).
No. 2, $1.15 to $1.20.

Rye (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2, $1.35.

Milfeed (Car Lots delivered, Toronto.)
Bran, per ton, bags included, $23.
Shorts, per ton, $25.
White middlings, $40.
Feed flour, $2.35.

CATTLE MARKETS

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

TORONTO, April 18.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Stock Yards included 1,200 cattle, 1,200 hogs, 1,000 sheep, 100 calves, 386 cars—Cattle, 2,014; calves, 384; hogs, 2,445; sheep, 66.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

BUFFALO, N.Y., April 18.—Cattle receipts, 100; steady.

Calves receipts, 200; $1 higher; $5 to $12.50.

Hogs receipts, 2,200; steady; heavy, $8 to $9; mixed, $9.25 to $9.65; yorkers, $9.75; light do, $10; pigs, $10 to $10.25; roughs, $7 to $7.25; stags, $4.50 to $5.50; dairies, $8.50; lamb receipts, 4,100; steady, unchanged.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, April 18.—Cattle receipts, 500; compared with a week ago, best steers mostly 25c higher; lightweight shovelers and mixed steers 40c lower; low-priced and plain weighty kind showing little advance; top yearlings for week, $9.50; top heavies, $9.40; butcher she-stock, 15c to 40c higher; bulls, 25c to 50c up; calves, stockers and feeders steady.

Hog receipts, 45,000; market active; lights and mediums steady to 10c lower; others strong to 15c higher than Friday's average; good clearance. Bulk of sales, $8.60 to $8.90; top, $9 to $9.15; bulk, 220 lbs. and up, $8.10 to $8.75; pigs steady to 10c lower; bulk desirable, $8.25 to $8.35.

Sheep receipts, 5,000; compared with a week ago; lambs mostly 25c higher; yearlings and sheep steady; feeder lambs, nominally 25c to 50c lower.

WINNIPEG LIVE STOCK.

WINNIPEG, April 18.—Receipts were very light Saturday, consisting of only 12 cattle and 17 hogs. The cattle market was quiet, hardly sufficient asking being recorded to constitute a market. The few cattle changing hands sold at steady values and consisted of a small lot of good butcher cows, ranging from $6 to $6.50, while a number of killing steers of choice quality ranged from $8 to $8.25.

The hog market remained unchanged. Selects, $13.

No trading took place on the sheep and lamb market.

Found Dead In Buggy.

TEESWATER, April 18. — John Valad, aged 17, a farmer, living on the Durham road, near Riversdale, was found dead, suspended in his buggy in his own yard Sunday morning at 9 o'clock. He had left John McGlinn on the 12th concession of Culross Saturday night at 10 o'clock to go home. When he arrived for tea a year driven a horse without a bit in the bridle, and it is thought the horse suddenly started and threw him partially forward and he fell head downward between the wheel and the buggy spring, in which position he was found dead by neighbors with the horse attached to the rig. A wound on his head indicated that he had been kicked by his horse while in the suspended position. Valad was unmarried.

Thanksgiving Day.

OTTAWA, April 18.—In line with the suggestions made before the special Parliamentary Committee on Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment, Major H. M. Mowat (Parkdale) has filed a resolution asking the House of Commons to affirm that it is desirable to perpetuate the triumphant conclusion of the war by selecting the Monday in the week next following the 11th (Armistice Day) occurs each year as "Armistice Day," and that "general thanksgiving to Almighty God be proclaimed."

Business Woman Dies.

WINGHAM, April 18.—The death occurred suddenly here on Sunday of Mrs. Mary L. Hanna, widow of John Hanna, one of Ontario's most successful business women. Her maiden name was Mary L. Young. She was born in Colborne township in 1851. She was endowed with unusual executive ability, and had conducted the largest store and general business in Wingham for 50 years with remarkable ability.

The VALLEY OF THE GIANTS

BY PETER B. KYNE

AUTHOR OF "CAPPY RICKS"

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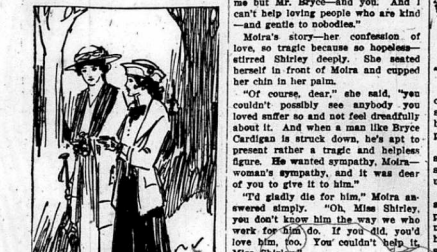
The fascination which a lighted candle holds for a moth is too well known to require further elucidation here. In yielding one day to a desire to visit the Valley of the Giants, Shirley told herself that she was going there to gather wild blackberries. She had been thinking of a certain blackberry pie, which thought naturally induced reflection on Bryce Cardigan and reminded Shirley of her first visit to the Giants under the escort of a boy in knickerbockers.

Her meeting with Moira McTavish that day, and the subsequent friendship formed with the woods-boss' daughter, renewed all her apprehensions. On the assumption that Shirley and Bryce were practically strangers to each other (an assumption which Shirley, for obvious reasons, did not attempt to dissipate), Moira did not hesitate to mention Bryce very frequently. To her he was the one human being in the world utterly worth while, and it is natural for women to discuss, frequently and at great length, the subject nearest their hearts. Moira



Moira Described Bryce in Minute Detail.

described Bryce in minute detail and related to her eager auditor little unconscious daily acts of kindness, thoughtfulness or humor performed by Bryce—his devotion to his father, his idealistic attitude toward the Cardigan employees, his ability, his industry. And presently, little by little, Shirley's resentment against him faded, and in her heart was born a great wistfulness bred of the hope that some day she would meet Bryce Cardigan on the street and that he would pause, lift his hat, smile at her, his compelling smile and forthwith proceed to bully her into being friendly and forgiving—browbeat her into admitting her change of heart and glorying in it.

To this remarkable state of mind had Shirley Sumner attained at the time John Cardigan, laboring his last little trump in a vain hope that it would enable him to take the odd trick in the huge game he had played for fifty years, decided to sell his Valley of the Giants.

Shirley, as explained in a preceding chapter, had been present the night John Cardigan, desperate and brought to bay at last, had telephoned Pennington at the latter's home, accepting Pennington's last offer for the Valley of the Giants. The cruel triumph in the Colonel's handsome face as he curtly rebuffed old Cardigan had been too apparent for the girl to mistake; she realized now that a certain bad name in the affairs of the Cardigans, and across her vision there flashed again the vision of Bryce Cardigan's homecoming—of a tall old man with his trembling arms clasped around his boy with grizzled cheek laid against his son's, as one who, seeking comfort through bitter years, at length had found it.

Presently another thought came to Shirley. "I wonder!" she mused. "He's proud. Perhaps the realization that he will soon be penniless and shorn of his high estate has made him chary of acquiring new friends in his old circle. Perhaps if he were secure in his business affairs— Ah, yes! Poor boy! He was desperate for fifty thousand dollars!" Her heart swelled. "Oh, Bryce, Bryce," she murmured, "I think I'm beginning to understand some of your fury that day in the woods. It's all a great mystery, but I'm sure you didn't intend to be so—so terrible. Oh, my dear, if we had only continued to be the good friends we started out to be, perhaps you'd let me help you now. For what good is money if one cannot help one's dear friends in distress? Still, I know you wouldn't let me help you, for men of your stamp cannot borrow from a woman, no matter how desperate their need. And yet—you only need a paltry fifty thousand dollars!"

Shirley carried to bed with her that night the woes of the Cardigans, and in the morning she telephoned Moira McTavish and invited the latter to lunch with her at home that noon. When Moira came, Shirley saw that she had been weeping.

"My poor Moira!" she said, putting her arms around her visitor. "What has happened to distress you? There, there, dear! Tell me all about it."

Moira laid her head on Shirley's shoulder and sobbed for several minutes. Then, "It's Mr. Bryce," she wailed. "He's so unhappy. Something's happened; they're going to sell Cardigan's redwoods; and they don't want to. Just before I left the office, Mr. Bryce came in—and stood a moment looking—at me—so tragically I—I asked him what had happened. Then he patted my cheek—oh, I know I'm just one of his responsibilities—and said, 'Poor Moira! Never any luck!' and went into his—private office. I waited a little, and then I went in, too; and—oh, Miss Sumner, he had his head down on his desk, and when I touched his head, he reached up and took my hand and held it—and laid his cheek against it a little while—and oh, his cheek was wet. It's cruel of God—to make him—unhappy. He's good—too good. And—oh, I love him so, Miss Shirley. I love him so—and he'll never, never know. I'm just one of his responsibilities, you know; and I shouldn't presume. But nobody—has ever been kind to me but Mr. Bryce—and you. And I can't help loving people who are kind —and gentle to nobodies."

Moira's story—her confession of love, so tragic because so hopeless—stirred Shirley deeply. She seated herself in front of Moira and cupped her chin in her palm.

"Of course, dear," she said, "you couldn't possibly see anybody you loved suffer so and not feel dreadfully about it. And when a man like Bryce Cardigan is struck down, he's apt to present rather a tragic and helpless figure. He wanted sympathy, Moira—woman's sympathy, and it was dear of you to give it to him."

"I'd gladly die for him," Moira answered simply. "Oh, Miss Shirley, you don't know him the way we who work for him do. If you did, you'd love him, too. You couldn't help it, Miss Shirley."

"Tell me about his trouble, Moira."

"I think it's money. He's been terribly worried for a long time, and I'm afraid things aren't going right with the business. It hurts them terribly to have to sell the Valley of the Giants, but they have to. Colonel Pennington is the only one who would consider buying it; they don't want him to have it—and still they have to sell to him. Mr. Bryce says his father has lost his courage at last; and oh, dear, things are in an awful mess. Mr. Bryce started to tell me all about it—and then he stopped suddenly and wouldn't say another word."

Shirley smiled. She thought she understood the reason for that. However, she did not pause to speculate on it, since the crying need of the present was the distribution of a ray of sunshine to broken-hearted Moira.

"Silly," she chided, "how needlessly you are grieving! You say my uncle has declined to buy the Valley of the Giants?"

Moira nodded.

"My uncle doesn't know what he's talking about, Moira. I'll see that he does buy it. What price are the Cardigans asking for it now?"

"Well, Colonel Pennington has offered them a hundred thousand, dollars for it time and again, but last night he withdrew that offer. Then they named a price of fifty thousand, and he said he didn't want it at all."

"He needs it, and it's worth every cent of a hundred thousand to him, Moira. Don't worry, dear. He'll buy it, because I'll make him, and he'll buy it immediately; only you must promise me not to mention a single word of what I'm telling you to Bryce Cardigan, or in fact, to anybody. Do you promise?"

Moira seized Shirley's hand and kissed it impulsively. "Very well, then," Shirley continued. "That matter is adjusted, and now we'll all be happy. Cheer up, dear, and remember that some time this afternoon you're going to see Mr. Bryce smile again, and perhaps there won't be so much of a cloud over his smile this time."

When Moira returned to the office of the Cardigan Redwood Lumber company, Shirley rang for her maid. "Bring me my motorcoat and hat, Thelma," she ordered, "and telephone for the limousine." She seated herself before the mirror at her dressing-table and dusted her adorable nose with a powder-puff. "Mr. Smarty Cardigan," she murmured happily, "you walked rough-shod over my pride, didn't you? Placed me under an obligation I could never hope to meet —and then ignored me—didn't you? Very well, old boy. We all have our innings sooner or later, you know, and I'm going to make a substantial payment on that huge obligation as sure as my name is Shirley Sumner. Then, some day when the sun is shining for you again, you'll come to me and be very, very humble. You're entirely too independent, Mr. Cardigan, Bryce, oh, my dear, I do hope you will not need so much money. I'll be put to my wit's end to get it to you without letting you know, because if your affairs go to smash, you'll be perfectly intolerable."

She paused suddenly. "No, I'll not do that, either," she soliloquized. "I'll keep it myself—for an investment. I'll show Uncle Seth I'm a business woman, after all. He has had his fair chance at the Valley of the Giants, after waiting years for it, and now he has deliberately sacrificed that chance to be mean and vindictive. I'll buy the valley but keep my identity secret from everybody; then, when Uncle Seth finds a stranger in possession, he'll have a fit, and perhaps, before he recovers, he'll sell me all his square creek timber—only he'll never know I'm the buyer. Shirley, my dear, I'm pleased with you. Really, I never knew until now why men could be so devoted to business. Won't it be jolly to step in between Uncle Seth and Bryce Cardigan, hold up my hand like a policeman, and say: 'Stop it, boys. No fighting, if you please. And if anybody wants to know who's boss around here, start something.'"

When her uncle came home that night, Shirley observed that he was preoccupied and disinclined to conversation.

"I noticed in this evening's paper," she remarked presently, "that Mr. Cardigan has sold his Valley of the Giants. So you bought it, after all?"

"No such luck!" he almost barked. "I'm an idiot. I should be placed in

"I Should Be Placed in Charge of a Keeper."

charge of a keeper. Now, for heaven's sake, Shirley, don't discuss that timber with me, for if you do, I'll explain, lunatic crazy."

"Poor Uncle Seth." she purred sweetly. Her apparent sympathy soothed his rasped soul. He continued:

"Oh, I'll get the infernal property, and it will be worth what I have to pay for it, only it certainly does gravel me to realize that I am about to be held up, with no help in sight. I'll see Judge Moore tomorrow and offer him a quick profit for his client. That's the game, you know."

"I do hope the new owner exhibits some common sense, uncle dear," she replied, and turned back to the piano. "But I greatly fear," she added to herself, "that Pennington is about to prove a most obstinate creature and frightfully hard to discover."

True to his promise, the Colonel called on Judge Moore bright and early the following morning. "Act Three of that little business drama entitled 'The Valley of the Giants,' my dear judge," he announced pleasantly, "I play the lead in this act. You remember me, I hope. I played a bit in Act Two."

"In so far as my information goes, sir, you've been cut out of the cast in Act Three. I don't seem to find any lines for you to speak."

"One line, judge; one little line. What profit does your client want on that quarter-section?"

"That quarter-section is not in the market, Colonel. When it is, I'll send for you, since you're the only logical prospect should my client decide to sell. And remembering how you butted in on politics in this county last fall and provided a slush fund to beat me and place a crook on the Superior court bench, in order to give you an edge in the many suits you are always filing or having filed against you, I rise to remark that you have about ten split seconds in which to disappear from my office. If you linger longer, I'll start throwing paper-weights." And as if to emphasize his remark, the judge's hand closed over one of the articles in question.

The Colonel withdrew with what dignity he could muster.

* * * * *

Upon his return from the office that night, Bryce Cardigan found his father had left his bed and was seated before the library fire.

"Feeling a whole lot better today, eh, pal?" his son queried.

John Cardigan smiled. "Yes, son," he replied plaintively. "I guess I'll manage to live till next spring."

"Oh, I knew there was nothing wrong with you, John Cardigan, that a healthy check wouldn't cure. Well, we can afford to draw our breath now, and that gives us a fighting chance, partner. And right after dinner you and I will sit down and start brewing a pot of powerful bad medicine for the Colonel."

Accordingly, dinner disposed of, father and son sat down together to prepare the plan of campaign. For the space of several minutes a silence settled between them, the while they puffed meditatively upon their cigars. Then the old man spoke.

"We'll have to fight him in the dark."

"Why?"

"Because if Pennington knows, or even suspects the identity of the man who is going to parallel his logging railroad, he will throw all the weight of his truly capable mind, his wealth and his ruthlessness against you—and you will be smashed. You have one advantage—surprise. The Colonel doesn't think you have the courage to parallel his road in the first place; in the second place he knows you haven't the money; and in the third place he is morally certain you cannot borrow it, because you haven't any collateral to secure your note. So, all things considered the Colonel will be slow to suspect us of having an ace in the hole; but by Jinks, we have it, and we're going to play it. You must engage some reliable engineer to look over the proposed route of the road and give us an estimate of the cost of construction."

"For the sake of argument we will consider that done, and that the estimate comes within the scope of the sum Gregory is willing to advance us."

"Now, then, you are going to incorporate a company to build a road twelve miles long—and a private road at that. That would be a fatal step. Pennington would know somebody was going to build a logging road, and regardless of who the builders were, he would have to fight them in self-protection. How are you going to cover your trail, my son?"

Bryce pondered. "I will to begin, have a dummy board of directors. Also, my road cannot be private; since we must be a common carrier we might as well take advantage of it. I will incorporate as a railroad company for the purpose of building a road from Sequela to Grant's Pass, Ore., there to connect with the Southern Pacific."

John Cardigan smiled. "The old dream revived, eh? Well, the old boys always enjoy a hearty laugh. People will laugh at your company, because folks up this way realize that the construction cost of such a road is prohibitive."

"Well, since we're not going to build more than twelve miles of our road during the next year, and probably not more than ten miles additional during the present century, we won't worry over it. It doesn't cost a cent more to procure a franchise to build a road from here to the moon. If we fail to build to Grant's Pass, our franchise to build the uncompleted portion of the road merely lapses and we hold only that portion which we have constructed. That's all we want to hold. Moreover, deeds to rights of way can be drawn with a time-limit, after which they revert to the original owners."

"Good strategy, my son! And certainly as a common carrier we will be welcomed by the farmers and cattlemen along our short line."

"Well, that about completes the rough outline of our plan. We have a year in which to build our road; if we do not hurry, the mill will have to shut down for lack of logs, when our contract with Pennington expires."

"You forget the manager for our new corporation—the vice president and general manager. He must be a man of real ability and a person you can trust implicitly."

"I have the very man. His name is Buck Ogilvy and only this very day I received a letter from him begging me for a small loan. I have Buck on ice in a fifth-class San Francisco hotel."

"Tell me about him, Bryce."

"I'll read you his letter. I claim there is more character in a letter than in a face."

Here Bryce read aloud:

"Golden Gate Hotel—Rooms Fifty Cents—and Up.

"San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 16, 1916.

"My dear Cardigan: Hark to the voice of one crying in the wilderness; then picture to yourself the unlovely spectacle of a strong man crying.

"Let us assume that you have duly considered. Now wind up your wrist and send me a rectangular piece of white, blue, green or pink paper bearing in the lower right-hand corner, in your clear, bold chirography, the magic words 'Bryce Cardigan'—with the little up-and-down hook and flourish which identifies your signature given in your serious moods and lends value to otherwise worthless paper.

"When you knew me last, I was a prosperous young contractor. Alas! I put all my eggs in one basket and produced an omelette. Took a contract to build a railroad in Honduras. Honduras got to fighting with Nicaragua; the government I had done business with went out of business; and the Nicaraguan army recruited all my laborers and rented them on my mules and horses, swiped all my grub, and told me to go home. I went. Why stay? Moreover, I had an incentive consisting of about an inch of bayonet [illegible] not applied in a vital spot—which accelerated rather than decreased my speed.

"Hurry, my dear Cardigan. I finished eating my overcoat the day before yesterday.

"Make it a hundred, and God will bless you. When I get it, I'll come to Sequoia and kiss you. I'll pay you back some time—of course.

"Wistfully thine,

"BUCK OGILVY.

"P. S.—Delays are dangerous, and procrastination is the thief of time.—B."

John Cardigan chuckled. "I'd take Buck Ogilvy, Bryce. He'll do. Is he honest?"

"I don't know. He was, the last time I saw him."

"Then wire him a hundred. Don't wait for the mail."

"I have already wired him the hundred. In all probability he is now out whirling like a dervish."

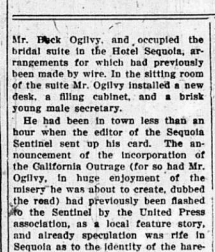
"Good boy! Well, I think we've planned sufficient for the present, Bryce. You'd better leave for San Francisco tomorrow and close your deal with Gregory. Hire a good lawyer to draw up the agreement between you; be sure your're right, and then go ahead—full speed. When you return to Sequoia, I'll have a few more points to give you. I'll mull them over in the meantime."

CHARTER XI.

When Bryce Cardigan walked down the gangplank at the steamship dock in San Francisco, the first face he saw among the waiting crowd was Buck Ogilvy's. Ogilvy thrust forth a great speckled paw for Bryce to shake. Bryce ignored it.

"Why, don't you remember me?" Ogilvy demanded. "I'm Buck Ogilvy."

Bryce looked him fairly in the eye and favored him with a lightning wink. "I have never heard of you, Mr. Ogilvy.



"I Have Never Heard of You, Mr. Ogilvy."

You are mistaking me for some one else."

"Sorry," Ogilvy murmured. "My mistake. Thought you were Bill Kerrick, who used to be a partner of mine."

Bryce nodded and passed on, hailed a taxicab, and was driven to the San Francisco office of his company. Five minutes later the door opened and Buck Ogilvy entered.

"I was a bit puzzled at the dock, Bryce," he explained as they shook hands, "but decided to play safe and then follow you to your office. What's up? Have you killed somebody, and are the detectives on your trail? If so, 'fess up and I'll assume the responsibility for your crime, just to show you how grateful I am for that hundred."

"No I wasn't being shadowed, Buck, but my principal enemy was coming down the gangplank right behind me, and—"

"So was my principal enemy," Ogilvy interrupted. "What does our enemy look like?"

"Like ready money. And if he has seen me shaking hands with you, he'd have suspected a connection between us later on. Buck, you have a good job—about five hundred a month."

"Thanks, old man. I'd work for you for nothing. What are we going to do?"

"Build twelve miles of logging railroad and parallel the line of the old wolf I spoke of a moment ago."

"Good news! We'll do it. How soon do you want it done?"

"As soon as possible. You're the vice president and general manager."

"I accept the nomination. What do I do first?"

"Listen carefully to my story, analyze my plan for possible weak spots, and then get busy, because after I have provided the funds and given the word 'Go!' the rest is up to you. I must not be known in the transaction at all, because that would be fatal."

Three hours later Ogilvy was in possession of the most minute details of the situation in Sequoia, had tabulated, indexed and cross-indexed them in his ingenious brain and was ready for business—and so announced himself. Bryce was enthusiastic in all things, in his mind's eye Mr. Ogilvy could already see a long trainload of logs coming down the Northern California & Oregon railroad, as he and Bryce had decided to christen the venture.

When Bryce Cardigan returned to Sequoia, his labors, in so far as the building of the road were concerned, had been completed. His agreement with Gregory of the Trinidad Redwood Timber company had been signed, sealed and delivered; the money to build the road had been deposited in bank; and Buck Ogilvy was already spending it like a drunken sailor. From now on, Bryce could only watch, wait and pray.

On the next steamer a surveying party with complete camping equipment arrived in Sequoia, purchased a wagon and two horses, piled their baggage into the wagon, and disappeared up-country. Hard on their heels came Mr. Buck Ogilvy, and occupied the bridal suite in the Hotel Sequoia, arrangements for which had previously been made by wire. In the sitting room of the suite Mr. Ogilvy installed a new desk, a filing cabinet, and a brisk young male secretary.

He had been in town less than an hour when the editor of the Sequoia Sentinel sent up his card. The announcement of the incorporation of the California Outrage (for so had Mr. Ogilvy, in huge enjoyment of the misery he was about to create, dubbed the road) had previously been flashed to the Sentinel by the United Press association, as a local feature story, and already speculation was rife in Sequoia as to the identity of the hare-brained individuals who dared to back an enterprise as nebulous as the millenium. Mr. Ogilvy was expecting the visit—in fact, impatiently awaiting it; and since his assistant thing he did was to speak for publication, naturally the editor of the Sentinel got a story which, to that individual's simple soul, seemed to warrant a seven-column head—which it received. In glowing terms he spoke of the billions of tons of timber-products to be hauled out of this wonderfully fertile and little-known country, and confidently predicted for the county a future commercial supremacy that would be simply staggering to contemplate.

When Colonel Seth Pennington read this outburst he smiled. "That's a bright scheme on the part of that Trinidad Redwood Timber company going to start a railroad excitement and unload their white elephant," he declared.

When Bryce Cardigan read it, he laughed. The interview was so like Buck Ogilvy! In the morning the latter's automobile was brought up from the steamship dock, and accompanied by his secretary, Mr. Ogilvy disappeared into the north following the bright new stakes of his surveying gang, and for three weeks was seen no more.

On a day when Bryce's mind happened to be occupied with thoughts of Shirley Sumner, he bumped into her on the main street of Sequoia, and to her great relief but profound surprise, he paused in his tracks, lifted his hat, smiled, and opened his mouth to say something—thought better of it, changed his mind, and continued on about his business. As Shirley passed him, she looked him squarely in the face, and in her glance there was neither coldness nor malice.

Bryce felt himself afire from heels to hair one instant, and cold and clammy the next, for Shirley spoke to him.

"Good morning, Mr. Cardigan."

He paused, turned, and approached her. "Good morning, Shirley," he replied. "How have you been?"

"I might have been dead, for all the interest you took in me," she replied sharply. "As matters stand, I'm exceedingly well—thank you. By the way, are you still belligerent?"

He nodded. "I have to be."

"I think you're a great big grouch, Bryce Cardigan," she flared at him. "You make me unutterably weary."

"I'm sorry," he answered, but just at present I am forced to subject you to the strain. Say a year from now, when things are different with me, I'll strive not to offend."

"I'll not be here a year from now," she warned him.

(To be Continued)

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OUTSTANDING CEREALS

O.A.C. Bred Varieties of Oats, Barley and Wheat.

In Actual Competition They Lead All Rivals—This Means an Annual Gain of Millions of Dollars to the Country.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

Approximately five million acres are devoted annually to the grain crops in Ontario. About three-fifths of this acreage is used for oats.

Oats.—Although there are about one hundred varieties of oats grown in general cultivation in Ontario about two-thirds of the entire oat crop consists of two varieties, viz., the Banner and the O. A. C. No. 72.

The Banner variety of oats was introduced at least two score years ago under the name of Vick's American Banner. It was the leading variety of oats in Ontario for a number of years, and is still prominent in some localities.

The O. A. C. No. 72 variety of oats originated at the Ontario Agricultural College from a single seed in 1903. It has been included in the regular College experiments for the past thirteen and in the co-operative experiments over Ontario in each of the past seven years. The average results for the thirteen-year period, in bushels of grain per acre per annum, has been 86 for the O. A. C. No. 72 and 75 for the Banner. In each of the past nine years the O. A. C. No. 72 variety has given a higher yield per acre in the average results than any other kind with which it was tested throughout Ontario. Within the past four years the standing field crops of the O. A. C. No. 72 oats have taken from three to four times as many first prizes as those of the Banner variety in the Field Crop Competitions throughout Ontario. The grain of the O. A. C. No. 72 variety of oats has taken the Championship prize at the Ontario Provincial Winter Fair in each of the past five years.

The O. A. C. No. 3 variety of oats is about ten days earlier than the Banner, produces a medium length of straw and grain which has a lower percentage of hull than any other named variety tested at the College. It is particularly well suited for mixing with barley when it is desirable to grow these two grains in combination, a practice now being followed by many special farmers throughout the province.

Barley.—Forty years ago the Common Six-rowed barley was grown almost exclusively in Ontario. In 1889 the Mandscheuri barley was tested at the College for the first time. After proving its worth in an experimental way it was distributed throughout Ontario, through the medium of the Experimental Union, and became generally known over the province. This was a decided improvement over the former variety.

The O. A. C. No. 21 barley originated at the Ontario Agricultural College from a single seed in 1903. As the then popular Mandscheuri was an improvement over the Common Six-rowed so the O. A. C. No. 21 is an improvement over the Mandscheuri. Largely through the introduction of these varieties the average yield per acre of barley has increased 20 per cent. in the last eight years as compared with the eighteen years previous.

Spring Wheat.—The Wild Goose variety of spring wheat which has been grown in Ontario for many years is a high yield wheat. It is, however, a durum wheat, and is more suitable for the manufacture of macaroni than for bread production.

The Marquis variety of spring wheat is a hybrid which originated at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, from crossing the Calcutta Hard Red and the Red Fife. It is not only a good yielder, but it is a wheat of excellent quality for bread production, and one which is increasing substantially in the Western Provinces and in Ontario. In the Experiments at Guelph it occupied fourth place in average yield per acre of twelve varieties of spring wheat grown for flour production over a period of six years.

Winter Wheat.—The Dawson's Golden Chaff variety of winter wheat was started from a single seed in 1881, and has been grown extensively throughout Ontario for many years. It has a stiff straw, beardless head, red chaff, and white grain of only medium quality for bread production. It is, however, a high yielder and has been very popular with the farmers of Ontario.

The O. A. C. No. 104 variety of winter wheat originated at the Ontario Agricultural College as a cross between the Dawson's Golden Chaff and the Bulgarian varieties. It possesses a tall comparatively stiff straw, bearded head, red chaff and red grain of good quality. It is a vigorous grower, and in the experiments at Guelph has given a larger yield per acre and has killed out less in the winter than either of its parents. In the co-operative experiments throughout Ontario for the last four years it has proved decidedly the most popular of the five varieties tested and has headed the list in yield per acre in each of these years.

It is generally recognized that in a comparatively new country such as Ontario there is a tendency for a gradual decrease in crop production per acre owing to the natural depletion of soil fertility. It is interesting and suggestive to note, however, that according to the best information obtainable there has been an actual increase of from ten to twenty per cent. in yield per acre of three of the principal farm crops of Ontario for the last eighteen years as compared with the previous period of eighteen years. This increase in yield per acre for these three crops, reckoned at market prices, has made an estimated increase in money value of over one hundred and thirty million dollars.—Prof. C. A. Zavitz, O. A. College, Guelph.

RAW SKINS TOO CHEAP.

How Fur Men Regard Important Canadian Industry.

The Ontario output of beaver skins last year exceeded 125,000 skins. The catch this year is estimated at less than thirty thousand skins, and the trappers are making no effort to secure these pelts on account of the drop in price and demand.

In discussing the whole fur trade situation an expert said that the public has a peculiar view of this business, which is regulated entirely by the law of supply and demand.

"The public, from this authority, "that much lower prices for furs will come is altogether contrary to the facts. Prices of raw furs will not come down, the prices will rise, but they must stiffen up prices higher than the present levels. Skins are being bought to-day much below their intrinsic value, partly due to the mild weather condition, and more on account of the general public feeling towards low-priced merchandise.

"The available supply of fresh raw furs both in Canada and the United States is approximately 70 per cent. short of last year, and it is absolutely certain that if business conditions are at all near normal next season there will not be one-half enough fur to go around.

"The cloak and suit people of the United States have recently taken on very large quantities of beaver skins for trimming purposes, and have practically absorbed everything in sight in these lines that has been available for purchase. The Ontario output of beaver was last year estimated at 125,000 skins. This season it is doubtful whether the catch will exceed 30,000 skins. St. Louis auction Sale Co. hold to-day 27,000 beaver. Montreal and New York companies have very small quantities on hand or available. C.M. Lampson Co., of London, Eng., whose sales will commence very shortly, are offering only 800 beaver skins. All other Canadian furs can be estimated along the same basis. Consequently it is only a matter of simple figuring and estimating to know what the financial outcome regarding the price of furs will be next season, for this business is regulated entirely by supply and demand."

LETTER FROM MRS. WAKELIN

Tells Remarkable Story of Sickness and Recovery.

Toronto, Ont.—"I suffered greatly from weakness, seemed to be tired all the time, and had no ambition to do anything or go anyplace. My nerves were bad and I could not sleep at night, and then came a breakdown. A friend of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound got me two packages and several of my friends advised me to use it, and it surely put new life into me. I am quite able to do all my own work, and I would strongly advise every suffering woman to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial."—Mrs. CHARLES WAKELIN, 272 Christie St., Toronto, Ont.

The makers of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound have thousands of such letters as that above—they tell the truth, else they could not have been obtained for love or money. This medicine is no stranger—it has stood the test for more than forty years.

If there are any complications you do not understand write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass.

PROTECTING COAL MINERS.

Chief Danger In British Mines Is That of Explosion.

Coal mining, being the most dangerous of British industries, is regulated in by more restrictions than any other, says Pearson's Weekly.

Employers and workmen alike are bound by a code of laws, enough in themselves to fill a considerable volume.

The chief danger is that of explosion, either from gas or dust, and it is to protect the workers from explosion and fire that most of these rules have been framed.

If a mine is a gassy samples of the air must be taken at frequent intervals, and if the gas in the air in the pit exceeds one-quarter of one per cent. the ventilation must be improved.

If the air at any time contains 2½ of one per cent. of gas safety lamps must be used. Safety lamps are those in which the flame is covered in by fine wire gauze. These lamps are locked, when handed out to the miners, and no man may on any account open a lamp while below.

You might imagine that no man in his senses would do such a thing, yet the temptation is at times very strong. Suppose a lamp gets blown out. Its owner may at the time be working a mile or more from the shaft bottom, yet in order to get a fresh light he has to tramp all that way and back, and waste perhaps an hour of working time.

Needless to say, no man may take matches or cigarettes or pipe with him into the pit. Indeed, every man is searched before going to work.

It is necessary at times to use explosives in the pit, for blasting purposes. Certain explosives are listed by the Home Office, and only these may be used. The law lays down that the employer must purchase and store these, and sell them at cost price to the miners.

Before firing a blasting charge the neighboring stalls and galleries must be thoroughly sprayed with water. This is to prevent any risk of the fine dust which floats in the air exploding. It may be mentioned that dust mixed with air becomes almost as bad an explosive as does the inflammable gas which oozes from the seams.

Firemen are employed in every pit, and it is the miners' privilege to elect two examiners from their own number, who are to inspect the whole colliery at intervals, and who have the right to see the certificates of the firemen. This privilege was first granted so long ago as 1872, but fresh legislation in 1911 gave the miners additional powers.

It is up to the owners to see that each pit is properly ventilated. Means must be provided to ensure sufficient air currents at any moment, and since a fall of the barometer—that is a decrease in the atmospheric pressure increases the danger from gas, a fall is laid down that a barometer must be provided at each pit head, and its readings recorded.

Owners are also ordered to provide two ways to the surface from each place where ten men or more are at work.

Another danger to the workers is from a sudden inrush of water. In old workings great masses of water collect, and if these are accidentally pierced, millions of gallons may burst through, drowning every living thing in the mine.

In order to guard against this peril, owners are obliged to deposit at the Home Office exact plans of all old and abandoned mine workings.

Accidents sometimes occur in the shaft, so it is now laid down that the engineer in charge of the winding apparatus must not be less than 22 years old, and must serve work more than eight hours out of the twenty-four.

Also that, if the shaft be more than 200 feet deep, there must be provided a mechanical contrivance to prevent overwinding.

Valuable Letters.

Gen. Monckton's official correspondence, including a number of letters to Gen. Wolfe, and secret instructions regarding the operations for the capture of Quebec, which had been offered to the Canadian Government for £60,000 sterling, was sold for £5,050 at Sotheby's a few weeks ago. The successful bidder was Quaritch, the well-known publishing house, acting for "an English gentleman," who, it is understood, is Sir Leicester Harmsworth, brother of Lord Northcliffe and Lord Rothermore. The collection, it is said, will remain in England. The Canadian Government bid £4,460 for the complete collection. The letters are said by Mr. H. Biggar, Canadian representative at the Records Office here, to throw no new light on the Canadian history of the period, though they would have been an interesting addition to the Dominion archives. "The death of Wolfe," painted by Benjamin West, brought £250 sterling at the same sale.

WITH BEES IN SPRING

Managing the Wee Workers at the Crucial Time.

First See That They Are Well Fed—Examine Hives Carefully for Foul Brood—Clip the Queen's Wings—Making and Controlling Increase.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

Unless the beekeeper gave each colony an abundance of feed in the fall, not less than fifty pounds per colony, the first manipulation in early April should be to feed all colonies which have not have at least twenty-five pounds of stores left in the hive. Many colonies starve in the spring and many others remain weak because there is not sufficient food in the hive to allow the queen to lay to capacity. One frame of honey is required to produce one frame of brood and to be in condition to give a good surplus honey crop there should be not less than ten frames of brood by June 15th. The syrup for spring feeding should be two parts water and one part sugar. Care must be taken against robbing when feeding the syrup.

The entrances of all colonies should be reduced so that only a few bees can enter the colony at one time. This tends to prevent weak colonies from being robbed and also keeps the colonies warmer, which permits an expanded brood-nest.

Queenless colonies and colonies which do not cover two frames thickly, should be united with strong colonies. The simplest method of uniting colonies in early spring is to place the very weak or queenless colonies on top of strong queen-right colonies, with one sheet of newspaper between the two brood chambers. This should be completed in the evening. The bees will quickly gnaw through the newspaper and unite peacefully. If American foul-brood is present in the apiary, colonies must not be united unless to other colonies having American foul-brood.

When the colonies have been united and have sufficient food, they need no further manipulation until the period when dandelions and fruit trees bloom. This is a very important time and a little attention given to the bees will result in increased profit later. The three manipulations which should be completed during the dandelion and fruit bloom period are: (1) Clip the wings of queens; (2) Examine every colony for foul-brood; (3) Give all strong colonies extra room.

We clip queens' wings to control the swarm, also that the age of the queen may be known. A part of the two wings on one side are removed with the aid of a small pair of scissors. The reasons for clipping the wings of the queens during the period ad are as follows: (1) Queens are easily found; (2) There is little likelihood of clipping virgin queen; (3) During a honey flow queens are less liable to be killed; (4) The operation is completed before the swarming season commences.

The brood-chamber of every colony is examined for American and European foul-brood. If the colonies become infected by carrying it in, if all or secured infected money through robbing or otherwise in early spring, American foul-brood will most likely be present at this examination. Separations can be made for treating the diseased colonies either at this time or the beginning of the main flow in June.

If European foul-brood is present it can be easily detected at this time and preventive measures taken that it cannot do serious damage. While American foul-brood is apparently only contagious, European foul-brood is highly infectious and epidemic, where black or hybrid bees are kept. Resistant strains of Italian bees, strong colonies and an abundance of pollen are the best known foul-brood of its menace to beekeeping.

The third manipulation at this time is to add an extra brood-chamber to every reasonably strong colony. No queen-excluder is used and the queen has the use of both brood chambers until she is over her honey flow has nicely commenced. In some seasons when the weather is favorable the stronger colonies may even need a third hive-body and an excluder, as a super for surplus honey from fruit blossoms and dandelions. While swarming does not usually occur until late June and early July, the swarming fever commences in many colonies during the fruit bloom and dandelion period because they are crowded and have not sufficient room to store surplus honey and enlarge the brood-nest.

When the clovers begin to yield, it is time for the beekeeper to crowd the queen into the lower brood-chamber. Take enough frames of the sealed brood, uncealed eggs and place these in the upper brood-chamber. Then place the remaining combs and queen in the bottom brood-chamber and place a queen-excluder on top. Next place on an empty super and the full hive-body or hive-bodies may be returned to the parent hive, there will be little danger of chilling the brood. The increase should be examined in three weeks to be sure the queen is laying.

If the beekeeper does not wish to make increase, all queen cells should be destroyed at a period when the brood was placed on top and the bees will fill the combs with honey as the bees emerge.

When honey is lost to the beekeeper because of lack of room and colonies should be examined at least once a week during the honey flow and supers added whenever the last one added is one-half to two-thirds filled.—F. Eric Millen, Provincial Apiarist, O. A. College, Guelph.

Milking the Cow.

Many people think that the "giving down" or "holding up" of the cow at a cow is a voluntary act. They fancy that the udder is a vessel filled with milk; but it is a manufactory. It is filled with blood, from which the milk is manufactured while you milk. This process is controlled by the cow's nervous system. When she is excited or in any way disturbed, as by a stranger, by the taking away of her calf, or any other cause, the process is arrested and the milk will not flow. The whole process is disturbed, or arrested—it takes on every quality of a non-giving wrap. The sleeves are the new-

When Grandmother Was a Girl

HOOP skirts were worn by those who first asked the druggist for, and insisted on having, the genuine Golden Medical Discovery put up by Dr. Pierce over 50 years ago. Dress has changed very much since then! But Dr. Pierce's medicines contain the same dependable ingredients. They are standard today just as they were fifty years ago and never contained alcohol.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the stomach and blood cannot be surpassed by any tonic and alterative today.

When you feel "all out of sorts" —your vitality at a low ebb—the blood becomes surcharged with poisons! The best tonic is called Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Dr. Pierce manufactured this "Discovery" from roots and barks without alcohol—a corrective remedy, the ingredients of which nature put in the fields and forests for keeping us healthy. It puts vim, vigor, vitality into the blood. Try it! All druggists.

Send 10c. to Dr. Pierce's Bridgeburg, Ont. Laboratory for trial pkg.

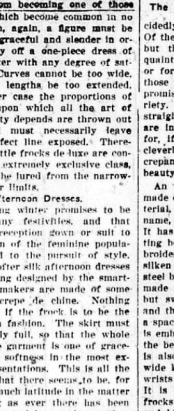
LONGER SKIRT TO BE FASHION

Silhouette Straight, Long and Reasonably Lacking in Fullness, Paris Edict.

SIMPLICITY IS THE SLOGAN

No Signs That Era of Gingerbread Is Returning—Vogue for Crepe de Chine for Afternoon Dresses.

All signs point to the longer skirt, and the silhouette is still straight, long and reasonably lacking in fullness. Those who have just landed in this country fresh from the Parisian showings of later models say that the creations which the smart couturiers are presenting to their private patrons adhere minutely to the general rules. Simplicity is carried to the last de-



Navy Blue Serge Embroidered in Yellow.

gree of perfection. It is the sole standard that is considered worth while. They seem to be aiming to gain the utmost in this direction, for there are no telltale signs that the era of gingerbread is returning. Indeed, one importer states that the very smartest day dress shown at the Molyneux opening was of silk duvetyn, with no trimming whatsoever added to the loveliness of its texture. It was simply an arrangement of lines so subtly conceived that simplicity led all other characteristics.

As for the skirts—those important parts of the newer dresses, around which all interest centers—well, they are really long, judging by two new creations from the Parisian designer Lucien Lelong, whose reputation has grown during the last few seasons. One design is a variation of the blue serge frock, which holds its own through all seasons with us there. We now, tied belt to suggest an irregular waistline. Another was in gray, with a side-pleated skirt, the pleats being wider than those ofthatwaylustfinished their rum of popularity, and the waist was a simple affair that hardly goes back to the waistline and had a turnover edge of real Duchess lace around the oval neckline.

Suggests New Neckline.

This suggests a new neckline. It is the oval line that dips low front and under the chin to a greater or a less depth, as may be the preference of the one who is to wear the gown. Sometimes these oval shapes dip way down in front, and these are filled in with quaint little gilets plaited or ruffled, but always handmade, with the most delicate of stitches. It is sometimes a great relief, on an otherwise plain frock, to see this bit of freshness peering out at some place under the open neck. It is a touch that is always feminine and always beautiful.

The long waistline, either formed from a bodice that is long and shows a belt underneath its slight blending character or made by the little tie

Daddy's Bedtime Story—

The Fairies' Trip to The Stars.

The Fairies Went From Star to Star.

DADDY was in quite a hurry to begin his story, for he wanted to tell the children about the trip the fairies had taken the evening before.

"They did have such a fine trip, for the fairy queen arranged it all," said daddy, "and she certainly knows just how to make everything a success.

"Early last evening she said to the fairies:

"'I have an invitation to visit the stars tonight, and an airship is all ready for us.

"You can imagine how delighted all the fairies were, but they had no time to talk it over beforehand, for they started at once.

"The airship was made of the loveliest silver cloud, and it was so soft and so comfortable.

"The invitation had come from one very bright little star that always came out just a little ahead of all the others every night. The star had seen the fairies playing in the moonlight and starlight and wanted to tell them how nice it was to watch them play. And so the invitation came.

"When they reached the star the cloud disappeared, and they were right on the bright little creature looking down upon their playground.

"The star was cold from being so much the moon and all the other stars enjoyed giving the brightness to the fairies' evening parties and that they always felt as if they were having a party themselves just watching the good time the fairies were having.

"Then the little star said that they must visit all the other stars, for they all wanted to have the fairies come and see them.

"The fairies went from star to star along the Milky way and thought the way of traveling up in the sky was glorious.

"They loved all the beauty of it, too, and the stars were very proud that the fairies thought they were beautiful, for they in turn thought the fairies were the most exquisite of creatures.

"The fairies spent all the night going from start to star and seeing the life up in the sky.

"In fact, they stayed so long that it was time for the stars to go to sleep and the sun to come out.

"So the fairies said goodby to the sleepy little stars, and then a gorgeous red chariot came along and took them down to the earth again.

"And just as they reached the earth the red chariot slowly vanished back of a mountain, and in its place a great huge red sun came up.

"'Well,' said the queen of the fairies, 'this has been a trip which we will never forget.' And all the little fairies agreed with her."

est feature of the coat, and certainly they are an achievement. They diverge enough from the wrap coat, which has, in spite of all our love for it, become a bit monotonous, but they keep that fullness of character which gives the grace that is one of the demands.

It is astonishing how many of the newer models adhere to the one-piece idea. Many and many of them appear which are simply two straight pieces of material sewn together—by an artist. We add this later phrase because the one-piece dress is the hardest thing to make in a good-looking manner, in spite of all the apparent simplicity of its construction. If there is a slip anywhere in the construction, and hope is gone, for there is no bit of fullness to hide the discrepancy, no ruffle or flounce that can be adjusted over the discordant spot. The one-piece frock is not a job for an amateur to undertake with confidence, for that is one of the reason that its vogue has lasted beyond all expectations and hopes. It must be done by some one who understands his business superlatively well to make it stand among the successes, and that fact alone saves it from becoming one of those "models" which become common in no time. Then, again, a figure must be reasonably graceful and slender in order to do justice to dress of this character with any degree of satisfaction. Curves cannot be too wide, neither can lengths be too extended, for in either case the proportions of the frock are such all the art of the simplicity depends are thrown out of key and must necessarily leave some imperfect line exposed. Therefore these little frocks de luxe are confined to an extremely exclusive class, and cannot be lured from the narrowness of their limits.

Afternoon Dresses.

The coming winter promises to be one of many festivities, and the edge of the reception gown is still to the attention of the feminine population devoted to the pursuit of style. All of the softer silk afternoon dresses that are being designed by the smartest of dressmakers are made of some variety of crepe de chine. Nothing else will do if the frock is to be the last word in fashion. The skirt must be reasonably full, so that the whole effect of the gown is one of graceful fullness and softness in the most extreme representations. This is all the restriction that there seems to be, for there is as much latitude in the matter of trimming as there ever was, even when other materials were in question. But trimming is not one of the points upon which the interest hangs. Some of them are entirely or nearly without trimming of any sort. The material and the line of the garment are the interesting points of consideration. Embroidery there is plenty, but it is of the sort that is massed over some portion of the material, so that it becomes more a part of the gown than any extraneous decoration.

One of the newest gowns made of this soft and draping material was cut on the one-piece lines so generally popular, but had a skirt that was covered with little flounces no wider than two inches at most, and as narrow as one inch as the folds graduated toward the waist. The color was a warm red shade, and the gown was only a trifle too full to suggest an irregular waistline. Another was in gray, with a side-plaited skirt, the pleats being wider than those ofthatwaylustfinished their rum of popularity, and the waist was a simple affair that hardly goes back to the waistline and had a turnover edge of real Duchess lace around the oval neckline.

Suggests New Neckline.

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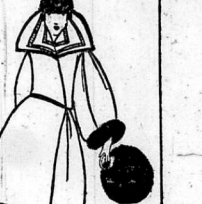


The Winsome Suit of Black Satin.

eidedly the preference of the season. Of the high waistlines there are some, but these are usually on the more quaintly designed frocks for dancing or for the very young people, or for those whose figures are of the uncompromisingly straight up and down variety. The long waist helps with the straight line, especially on figures that are inclined to tend toward fullness, for, if the belt or the lack of it is cleverly managed, then all minor discrepancies are lost sight of in the beauty of the gown's line.

An afternoon frock of Premet's is made of marine blue silk duvelyn material, something that goes by another name, but is still of this same family. It has a long and rather severely fitting bodice, terminated by a flat embroidered belt, the blue and green silken stitches being interspersed with metal dots. Then there is an oversilk, made of panels lying close together, but swinging free from the skirt, and the underskirt, which extends for a space below the edges of the panels, is embroidered in the same manner as the belt. The high and rolling collar is also embroidered, as are also the wide kimono sleeves which reach the wrists and are not confined by cuffs. It is one of the smartest reception frocks that has been sewn this season, and bids fair to become the inspiration for many more gowns.

Age Affects View.

That reporting is a young man's business is illustrated in some newspapers every day by some news item telling about something, usually unfortunate, that happened to an old man or old woman. Once the aged person, it develops somewhere in the story, is 53, we will say, or somewhere between 60 and 60. As every editor has reason to know, this youthful point of view of the reporter's not infrequently is resented by the aged person referred to. But when once over the motor car was bad enough, but to be called aged is adding insult to injury. Nobody under 75 seems old to himself, and maybe between 75 and 80 would rather not be considered aged.

We talk hopefully of a man's being only middle age, but no matter how he feels a man of 50 impresses the youth of 21 as verging upon the sere and yellow, if not already there. Our reckoning goes back to the time when a woman of 35 looked almost hopelessly aged to us, and now we are approaching 40 and Dr. and Daisy Ashford opened her immortal work by remarking: "Mr. Salteena was an elderly man at 42." We don't know at what age eldership begins for Daisy now, but if she lives long enough she will reach the point where her way of classifying Mr. Salteena would be to say that he was a young man of 42.

Named After Dogs.

The townships of Tiny and Tay in the County of Simcoe, Ont., were named after the pet dogs of Lady Sarah Maitland, wife of Sir Peregrine Maitland, Lieutenant-Governor of Upper Canada (and not Lady Simcoe). Before marriage she was Lady Sarah Lennox, daughter of the Duke of Richmond, who while Governor-General of Canada died in 1819 from the bite of a pet fox.

GOOD EYE SIGHT

One of the greatest blessings, but so few possess it.

Thousands are wearing Smith's correctly fitted spectacles and enjoy the greatest comfort—free from headaches and eye strain.

No occasion to go out of town for your eye examinations.

All optical defects fitted at Smith's Optical Department.

Also new lenses made and all repairs on shortest notice.

Have your eyes properly fitted by

F. W. Smith & Bro.

The old reliable Napanee Jewellery Store
Established 30 years.

Plain Talks - No. 4

BEATING THE DEVIL.

If you wish for a job that's worth notice
And one that will stand any test;
To the Hospital bring your old footwear,
For our work is all of the best.
We do work for rich or for poor,
And favors to no man we give;
But we satisfy one like another,
Our motto is "Live and let live."
Our leather is good and prices right,
And we'll treat you as a friend;
For we need you, as you need us,
And we are here your (soles) to mend.

Dear People:

Again we take pleasure in having a little chat with you. In the first place we wish to thank you for past favors for we are certainly making new friends and sticking to the old ones. We must tell you the secret of our success is unequalled, as also is our material. We keep good leather, and good leather keeps us. Hand sewn work is our specialty and we never neglect to supervise all jobs and advise you as to what is the proper way they should be fixed for we have had years of practical experience and on any subjects pertaining to footwear, we can and will give you our advice freely. We also sharpen skates and keep a good supply of skate straps. Try us for the best brand of shoepacks in town, also for Polishes, Laces and Insoles. We buy and sell second hand boots.

Boot & Shoe Hospital

Opposite Royal Hotel

NEW LOCATION

F. S. SCOTT'S BARBER SHOP

is now located on John Street, and we assure you of courteous attention.

SHOE - SHINE - PARLOR with special accommodation for ladies.

CIGARS, CIGARETTES, PIPES, TOBACCOS.

We do Amateur Photographic Work. Films may be left at shop, or F. S. Scott's residence.

La France

Beauty Lotion

Gives the complexion an extraordinary smoothness,—freshness—and clearness in 4 weeks.

Money refunded if it does not.

For sale at

Hooper's Drug Store

Callouses or Pain There are signs of a weakened transverse arch. One or more of the little bones across the ball of the foot are displaced, causing uneven pressure. The sole of the foot is enlarged and a little toe joints enlarge and a crampik pain known as Morton's Toe develops.

This condition, as well as corns, bunions, broken down arches, weak ankles and all forms of foot trouble is quickly relieved and the cause permanently corrected by the use of

Dr. Scholl's Foot Comfort Appliances

It does not matter what your foot troubles are, how long you have sought relief or how many times you have failed, you will find comfort and correction in the Dr. Scholl line of Foot Comfort Appliances and Remedies.

Consult Our Foot Specialist

He is a Graduate Practitioner—a man who knows all about foot troubles and how to make bad feet over into good feet. Registration and advice free. See us today.

The Haines Shoe Houses

Cross Cut Saws and Axes at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

WALLACE'S, Prescription Druggists. Three graduates in attendance and three messengers for quick service.

Miss Lena Graham has returned to Herkimer, N.Y., after spending some weeks with her mother, Mrs. C. A. Graham.

J. H. Babcock & Sons have bought the old canning factory at Odessa and have remodelled it into to an up-to-date garage.

The first donation received by Mr. T. B. German, Treasurer of the 1921 Salvation Army Fund, was a check for $100.00 from Mr. G. W. Gibbard.

Friday evening the son of Mr. William Peasgo had the misfortune to fall in the ditch on Dundas street, in which the extension of the wate main is being laid, and broke the elbow of his right arm in two places.

Stanley Ross Cole, aged 20, of Tyendinaga, died in Belleville General Hospital as a result of injuries received when driving along the road in Tyendinaga on Monday at noon. The horses he was driving ran away and he was dragged a considerable distance.

Peterboro', April 17.—Wm. Defoe, of Tweed, removed a case of liquor from a Dominion Express Co.'s waggon. In Police Court yesterday he pleaded guilty and was fined $40 and costs, with the option of one month in jail. The theft occurred in broad daylight on the main street of the city. While the driver was delivering goods in a nearby alway, Defoe walked out and helped himself to a case of whiskey, which he cached in the building he was employed in. Few thefts more daring have been recorded in local Police Court annals.

My peace I give unto you, John 14-27; Rejoice in the Lord alway, Phil. 4-4; The Lord's hand is not shortened that it cannot save, Isa. 59-1; I have loved thee with an everlasting love, Jer. 31-3; He satisfieth the longing soul and filleth the hungry soul with goodness, Ps. 107-9.

"So long Thy power hath blessed me,
Sure it still will lead me on
O'er vale and hill, through stream and torrent, till the night is gone;
And with the morn those angel voices smile,
Which I have loved long since, and lost awhile."

A BIBLE LOVER.

ODESSA COMMUNITY CLUB

Hurrah! Our reporter has once more been aroused from his midday dream, and awakened to duty. The last regular weekly meeting of "The Odessa Methodist Community Club," was held Tuesday evening, April 5th, in the Sunday School room of the Odessa Methodist church. The programme was arranged by the Literary Committee, and the meeting took the form of a Pie Social. A large crowd was present and all enjoyed themselves.

A one act farce was staged by Mrs. Nelson Smith, Master Harvey Smith and Mr. Herochel Snider. Mr. Snider played the part of a busy station agent, who was making a report on a train wreck of a few days prior. Mrs. Smith, a lady unaccustomed to travel, arrived at the station to take the train to Morrow. She was accompanied by her son, Johnnie, and all her personal belongings, from her snuff box to shoe laces, hat boxes and umbrella. Much to the disgust of the station agent she persisted in telling all her troubles and her good qualities. While awaiting the arrival of the train, Johnnie becomes hungry and demands his ginger bread. All baggage was searched and finally the ginger bread was found, but just at that moment the train arrives. All emerged through the station door leaving the joyful audience in a fit of laughter and applause.

The two selections rendered by the Fourth Concession Quintette were very much enjoyed by everybody, and all shall be pleased to hear Messrs. Horace, Cecil and Karl Denyes and Messrs. William and James Robson on some future occasion.

The most interesting feature of the evening was a debate. Resolved "That reading has done more for the Intelligent Development of Mankind than has Observation." The affirmative side was upheld by Miss Laura Fraser and Mr. Cecil Denyes, while the negative was argued by Miss Ada Nickle and Mr. D. F. Aylesworth. An hour of real fun was enjoyed with enthusiasm at fever heat. Rev. Mr. Latimer, of Wilton, Miss Myrtle Brown, of Bath, and Mrs. Harvey Lucas, of Odessa, acted as judges. Mr. Latimer in bringing in their decision, pointed out that although the affirmative side was a little more eloquent in speech and words, they advanced too large a platform. He said that Reading was Reading and not Arithmetic, or Psychology, whereas the negative stuck more close to their subject and proved it conclusively. Here, the Club sincerely thanked Rev. Mr. Latimer, for we all agreed that it was not the pleasantest task on earth to act as judge and try and please all.

The High School boys put on a scene from Julius Caesar. They did real well considering they were under a severe handicap of their teacher and trainer, Miss Howitt, was unavoidably absent.

Mrs. Geo. Nickle, President of the Club, and who presided over this social gathering, in a few carefully selected words, thanked the people for their support and said that her task had been a real pleasant one, as no one on the executive had tried to shirk his duty, but rather went at it with a determination to do something.

Now, dear readers, because this is our last regular meeting, don't get the idea that our club is dead. Far from that, and we can assure you, you shall hear from us again before long.

Your Ford magneto can be recharged to its former strength. Winter care of storage batteries. See our ad. Car and carriage painting done by an experienced painter.

GRAHAM GARAGE.

B. & H. English paint, known the world over, for sale at WALLACE'S.

PERSONALS

Mr. J. B. Allison spent the week end in Ottawa.

Mr. J. M. Walker has gone to Perth to reside.

Mr. G. A. Wallace spent a couple of days in Toronto.

Mrs. Arthur Dafoe gave a "bridge" on Thursday afternoon last.

Mr. Ivan Spencer left on Monday morning to join his boat at Port Hope.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Vine spent last week with her sister at Harrowsmith.

Mrs. (Dr.) Bogart, Kingston, spent the week-end the guest of Mrs. C. A. Wiseman.

A large number of Napanee people took in "Way Down East" in Kingston last week.

Mrs. John Fraser has returned to Napanee after spending the winter in Toronto.

Mrs. Oswald Lailey and three children, Toronto, are guests of her mother, Mrs. A. W. Grange.

Miss Shorey, who has been spending a few days in Kingston with Dr. and Mrs. Anglin, has returned to Napanee.

Mr. Maurice Madden, who has been visiting his father, Judge Madden, for some weeks, left last week for Nrth Bay.

Mr. Kenneth Hampson and Miss Cora Kimmerly spent the week-end in Toronto, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Sagar and Mr. and Mrs. Marsh.

Mr. Kenneth Hampson of the Jefferson Co. National Bank, Watertown, N.Y., is the guest of his grandmother, Mrs. W. H. Kimmerly, Mill St.

DEATHS

Babcock—At Napanee, on Wednesday, April 13th, 1921, Leslie Babcock, aged 12 years, 6 months.

Emberley—At Yarker, on Monday, April 18th, 1921, Eliza Alzina Emberley, wife of Mr. Chas. Emberley, aged 62 years.

Use Degrah Varnish for your floor, woodwork or furniture, and get best results. For sale only at WILSON'S HARDWARE.

NAPANEE COLL. INSTITUTE

EASTER EXAMINATION RESULT.

Form I A.—M. McConnell, P. Denison, M. Vanalstine, A. Walsh, C. Nugent, F. Brown, K. Price, M. Rikley, M. Milling, B. Windover, E. Robson, K. Tierney, A. Wood, R. Amey, M. Garrison, G. Robinson, C. Winter, S. Baird, R. Fretts, E. Ryon.

Form I B.—E. Carmichael, (Hon.) A. Walters, (Hon.) B. Smith, (Hon.) H. Davy, (Hon.) G. Richmond, (Hon.) C. Garrison, (Hon.) O. McMullen, (Hon.) L. Woods, (Hon.) P. Richmond, (Hon.) N. Garrison, (Hon.) I. Warner, (Hon.) C. Jackson, C. Liddell, I. Benn, N. Preslar, E. Osborne, M. Walmsley, E. Cooke, G. Robinson, T. Waller, C. Garrett, M. Kouber, G. Robbin, W. Daly, G. Asselstine, C. Cowle, C. Knox, C. Wilson, C. Walker, C. Farnsworth, C. Caton (not classified.)

Form II—Jr. Teachers—R. Wright, O. Frisken, G. Winter, L. Birchall, E. Armitage, H. Joyce, V. Exley, J. McCormack, E. Hall, D. Merritt, E. Vankoughnett, E. Pringle, R. Hudgins, C. O'Ray, K. Barrett.

Form II—Matric—
Wheeler, (Hon.) C. McCullough, W. Perry, M. Perry, M. Daly, G. Exley, H. Russell, H. Carscallen, A. Hill, W. Harrison, E. Exley, G. Craven, C. Mowers, W. Barrett, R. Empey, G. Empey.

Form 3 A.—A. Wales, (Hon.) M. McGrath, (Hon.) V. O'Ray, (Hon.) M. Derry, J. Stewart, G. Amey, G. Withers, D. Scott, G. Smith, M. Reid, V. Daly, B. Hudgins, I. Dudgeon, K. Roblin, E. Johnston, R. Wiseman, E. Smith, A. Miller, J. Judson.

Jr. Commercial—A. Dickson, (Hon.) L. Youzex, L. Smith, M. Fox, B. Kellar, L. Baird, A. Kliem, F. Kirkpatrick, I. Kirkpatrick, H. Everson, R. Burt, L. Murphy, B. Reid, M. Ford, M. Mooney.

Sr. Commercial—L. Morris, (Hon.) M. Young, (Hon.) P. Vanalstine, (Hon) E. Taverner, (Hon.) M. Johnston, (Hon.) Marjorie Johnston, (Hon.) Vankoughnett, B. Perry, M. Paul, E. McKim, J. Kay, H. McCormack, H. Hall, J. Hambly, M. Davy, F. Walker, M. Carscallen, A. Vanalstine, H. Hull, R. Woodcock, B. Woodcock, F. Murphy, M. Edgar, I. Brown.

SERIOUSNESS OF THE HOUSING PROBLEM

The high cost of building material, the rapidly increasing population, and the enormous annual destruction of dwelling houses, in which there were 5,644 fires last year in Ontario, have combined to make the housing problem one of most serious and acute proportions.

Ontario is noted for its extravagance through unnecessary fire waste, which is nothing short of an economic crime, caused chiefly through our careless habits and indifference.

Statistics prove that 44 per cent. or practically two out of every three fires which occur, are in our homes; eighty per cent. of which are preventable.

The Ontario Fire Prevention League, in affiliation with the Fire Marshal Department, has inaugurated a Province-wide publicity campaign for the purpose of conserving our homes as well as our lives from destruction by fire. The boys and girls of the Province will be called upon to assist in this most desirable and patriotic movement. Through the principals and teachers of our schols, the League will distribute 250,000 copies of a "Home Inspection Blank" so that the pupils, with the help of their parents, may answer the questions. The primary object is to clean up attics, cellars, back yards and remove hazardous conditions. The underlying thought being to prevent fires by removing the cause and thus save our homes.

A "Come-Back" in Prices

"Steadily," "Surely," Prices are "Coming-Back" to levels and values that were obtainable before the war. Our merchandise in every department is marked on present market conditions. Lower prices, backed up with style and quality, is such a forceful combination when found in Dry Goods and Wearing Apparel that you simply cannot make a mistake in buying—if you choose from our stocks.

THE ROBINSON CO., LIMITED, - NAPANEE.

YOU CAN BUY YOUR WARDROBE COMPLETE FROM 'CORSETS' TO 'TOP COAT' IN ONE FITTING IF YOU CHOOSE READY-MADE WEARING APPAREL

We have but one standard—That's the best.

"Women" add a "Taffeta" silk to your dress stock.

They are fashionable—Serviceable—Economical.

When only the best will please you in dresses you will save much time and trouble by choosing your summer gowns from our cabinets of "Ready-made" Wearing Apparel.

An hour or two will be ample time to choose your styles and be fitted in Corsets, Dresses, Waists, Hats, Suits and Coats.

In "Taffeta" dresses the styles are incomparably smart and picturesque this season. Being quite the most correct thing you can buy so it goes in for fitted bodice and wide billowing skirts. Ruffles, flounces, tunics, shirrings, tiny nosegays of flowers and narrow ribbons complete the picture.

The silk employed in the majority of our dresses is imported from Switzerland and is famous for its richness and beauty of finish and for its length of wear.

"Peacock" is one of the newer shades in blue that is being sponsored by fashion this season. At $37.50 is a quaint little style which has a fitted bodice that gradually "ends up" in a narrow belt in the back. Narrow taffeta folds of pleating trims the square neck and the sleeves. Four large buckles pleated around edges adorns the skirt. A small nosegay of french roses trims the neck. Colors of Rookie and Navy as well.

At $40.00 is a Swiss Taffeta gown which will appeal to those who admire tailored lines. Large patch pockets, finished at top with pleating, trims a perfectly plain skirt. The belt on this gown is wide and its width is further accentuated by pleating frills at top and bottom. The same frilling adorns the half sleeves and the round neck. Dainty rosebuds in beautiful tones is used at the neck and on the belt. Obtainable in shades of Navy, Copen and Brown.

In Navy Taffeta is a very attractive dress which truly exemplifies the following skirt effect. This is obtained by the use of an apron panic, the point of which reaches to the hem of the dress. The bodice is boned to get the proper lines. Narrow bandings of silk is applied in a ruffled manner round the neck, sleeves and tunic. A small corsage of fruit is the only color seen on the dress. Priced at $45.00. Procurable in Copen Blue as well.

We have only described three from a cabinet of many. The others are just as desirable in style, color, quality and workmanship.

Come in and try them on at your first opportunity.

CUT GLASS SPECIAL

On Sale Tuesday, April 26th.

100 GLASS BUTTER TUBS, daintily cut in wreath and orange design, gracefully fluted top; bottom is a sunburst cutting. These are all first quality and very fine brilliant blown glass, and are of generous size.

Many people prefer them for bonbons or pickles. Be sure to get at least one or more of them. For a dainty little gift or prize they're just the thing. Excellent value at $1.00 ach.

Special sale price on Tuesday, April 26th,

50c. each or 2 for 90c.

SEE WINDOW.

English Brown Betty Teapots—"Make best Tea." In many lovely shapes and decorations.. 65c., 80c., 95c. and $1.10 each.

ALUMINUMWARE

Replace all articles of agate, steel or tin with beautiful and lasting Aluminum, which have many points of superiority.

Sauce Pans, Tea Kettles, Teapots, Coffee Percolators, Cake Moulds, Roasting Pans, Casseroles, Potato Pots, Double Boilers, Crumb Trays and Scrapers, Etc., Etc. Children's Setts, Steamer-Cookers Preserving Kettles, Cups, Jelly Moulds,

OUR PRICES ARE LESS—Quality, finish and utility of our Aluminum is unsurpassed.

FIRST FLOOR UP.

Besides the above we have hundreds of articles in everyday use around the house and which cost little, not usually bought just because people do not know exactly where to go for them—Try us—Ask for printed list of articles usually kept in stock.

FIRST FLOOR UP.

THE ROBINSON COMPANY CHAMBRYS, GINGHAMS AND ZEPHYRS

Are best in quality,

Wide and varied in assortment,

And the very lowest in price.

These are procurable now, Staple Section.

At 25 cents is a 36 inch wide Chambry, suitable for children's rompers or all-over aprons. Colors of Green and Butchers Blue.

Wide in assortments, utmost in qualities, the very best we have ever shown, is the best way to describe our stock of plaids. These come 27 inches wide and range as 35, 40, 45, 50, 60 and 65 cents per yard.

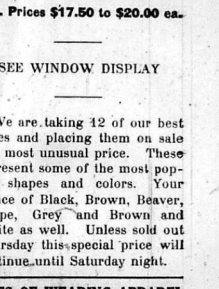
A most interesting range of Anderson's Zephyrs is 30 inches wide. The plaid patterns come only in shades of Pink, Sky, Grey, Mauve and Tan. Usually sold at $1.00 per yd. Our price is 75c.

Another very fine Scotch Zephyr is 38 inches wide. Again the design favors "Plaids" and the colors are Mauve, or Mauve and Grey. Our special price is 98c. per yd. Worth $1.25.

(Samples sent on request.)

12 ONLY, MARIBOU RUFFS TO SELL THURSDAY MORNING FOR $10.00 EACH

Reg. Prices $17.50 to $20.00 ea.



SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

We are taking 12 of our best styles and placing them on sale at a most unusual price. These represent some of the most popular shapes and colors. Your choice of Black, Brown, Beaver, Taupe, Grey and Brown and White as well. Unless sold out Thursday this special price will continue until Saturday night.

TIMELY AND NECESSARY LINES OF WEARING APPAREL FROM OUR MEN'S DEPARTMENTS

At Prices Which are MONEY-SAVERS For You. Let Us Demonstrate.

MERINO UNDERWEAR FOR MEN

An ideal garment for early spring wear. This is an exceptionally good line and well worth your consideration. A splendid weight. Sizes 36 to 44. Specially priced $1.00 garment.

MEN! COME TO US FOR YOUR WORK SHIRT NEEDS

We have some extraordinary values here for you, and you are not confined to any one particular line, a good assortment. Well made and roomy. Worth up to $2.25, for $1.50 each.

SEE OUR RANGE OF BOYS' SUMMER JERSEYS.

We have them at prices that will be of interest to you. Sizes up to 32.

ODD LOT OF MEN'S AND BOYS' CAPS SPECIALLY PRICED

About three dozen all told in the lot. Assorted patterns. Priced at 50c. each.

Extraordinary values in Men's Felt Hats. Choose now.

MEN'S RAINCOATS OF RUBBERIZED TWEEDS AND PARAMETTA CLOTHS

On Sale Now at Less Than Pre-War Prices.

An opportune time to purchase a good serviceable Rain Coat at a substantial reduction. Correct models. Newest patterns. Attractive colorings. Space does not permit a description of all. See below a few of the numbers represented:—

No. 4104—6 Coats, sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, and 44, in an all-round belted style, Green Mixed shades, slash pockets, cuffs on sleeves. Extra special at $10.00.

No. 4100—4 Coats, sizes 38, 40, 42, and 44. Brown Mixed, same style as 4104. Extra special at $10.00.

No. 2008—4 Coats, sizes 34, 36, 38, and 40. Plain Fawn Parametta Cloths in Trench style. All-round belt, slash pockets, cuffs on sleeves. A $17.50 Coat for $12.50.

No. 4163—3 only, sizes 36, 38, and 40. Brown Mixed Check, all-round belt, vertical pockets, cuffs on sleeves. A $24.50 value for $18.50.

No. 4205—3 only, sizes 38, 40 and 42. Plain Brown, all-round belt, slash pockets, cuffs on sleeves. Regular $24.50 value for $17.50.

No. 4167—4 only, sizes 34, 38, 40 and 42. Green Mixed, all-round belt, slash pockets, cuffs on sleeves. Regular $24.50 value for $18.50.

No. 4135—2 only, sizes 42 and 44. Grey Mixed, all-round belt, slash pockets, cuffs on sleeves. Regular $20.00 value for $15.00.

No. 424—2 only, sizes 38 and 42. Green and Brown Mixed Check, slash pockets, all-round belt, sleeves finished with cuff. Regular $18.50 value for $12.50.

No. 416—3 only, sizes 36, 40 and 42. Dark Brown Mixed, cuffs on sleeves, slash pockets, all-round belt. Our regular $18.50 Coat for $12.50.

Besides the above, there are a number of only "one-of-a-kind," extra specialy priced.

MEN! PREPARE FOR APRIL SHOWERS—SECURE ONE OF ABOVE RAIN COATS.

BUY W.S.S. WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

THE ROBINSON CO., LIMITED

BUY W.S.S. WAR SAVINGS STAMPS